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# THE DIAPASON

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION DEVOTED TO THE ORGAN AND THE INTERESTS OF ORGANISTS Official Journal of the American Guild of Organists-Official Magazine of the Canadian College of Organists

Twenty-ninth Year-Number Ten

CHICAGO, U. S. A., SEPTEMBER 1, 1938

DR. SCHWEITZER'S PEDAL PIANO ON ITS WAY IN AFRICA

Subscription \$1.50 a Year-15 Cents a Copy

#### **ARTHUR B. JENNINGS** GOES TO MINNESOTA

#### TO HOLD UNIVERSITY POST

#### Pittsburgh Man with National Reputation as a Recitalist Will Move to Minneapolis as the Successor to Arthur W. Poister,

Arthur B. Jennings has accepted ap-pointment to the post on the faculty of the University of Minnesota vacated by Arthur W. Poister, who goes to Ober-lin College. Mr. Jennings will leave Pittsburgh, where he has been for near-ly two decades, late in September, to make his home in Minneapolis. He will preside over the Acolian-Skinner four-manual of 110 sets of pipes in ad-dition to his teaching. The University of Minnesota has twenty-nine teachers in the music department.

in the music department. Arthur Jennings' work as a church organist has ranked him as one of the ablest of organists in America and his recital work long ago gave him national fame. He was born in New York City and his father was a prominent archi-tect. He himself received training in architecture at the University of Penn-sylvania, but decided to make the organ his lifework. He also attended Wes-leyan University. Among Mr. Jennings' teachers have been Joseph C. Beebe, the late Fred-erick Maxson, Gaston M. Dethier and T. Carl Whitmer. For two years he was on the faculty

erick Maxson, Gaston M. Dethier and T. Carl Whitmer. For two years he was on the faculty of Dickinson College at Carlisle, Pa. Then followed a career in church work at the First Presbyterian of York, Pa.. the Independent Presbyterian Church of Savannah, Ga., and St. Stephen's Episcopal, Sewickley, Pa. From Se-wickley he went to the Sixth United Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh and has been there since 1926. All of these are large and prominent churches. Several of Mr. Jennings' composi-tions have received recognition. His an-thems include "Springs in the Desert," "The Good Shepherd" and a setting of the "Beatitudes." He is also the com-poser of a Prelude, Sarabande and Fugue for organ. As a recitalist Mr. Jennings has been in demand for a number of years at national converting eard before local

As a recitalist Mr. Jennings has been in demand for a number of years at national conventions and before local chapters of the Guild. He played at A. G. O., N. A. O. and C. C. O. con-ventions as follows: Philadelphia, 1921; Chicago, 1925; London, Ont., 1926; Philadelphia, 1930; Cleveland, 1933. He gave a recital at the Oberlin regional convention in 1938. Mrs. Lennings was Miss Amy Jaroma

Mrs. Jennings was Miss Amy Jerome Wagner of Carlisle, Pa. She is a grad-uate of Wilson College and also studied piano and voice at the New England Conservatory of Music.

church. Previous to going East both Mr. and

Mrs.

Mrs. Morsch were on the faculty of Central College, Fayette, Mo., where Mr. Morsch was head of the organ de-Partment and Mrs. Morsch headed the public school music.

CHESTER E. MORSCH GOES **TO CHURCH IN ALBUOUEROUE** 

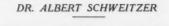


THE STORY OF DR. ALBERT SCHWEIT-ZER'S ADVENTURE in medical missionary service at Lambarene, in Equatorial French Africa, has been told all over the world, and his fame as a theologian, physician and organist is known to the children in our Sunday-schools. Like Grenfell, Kagawa and Sam Higginbot-tam, his dramatic achievements have captured our imagination. The char-acteristic picture herewith reproduced was taken in the hospital he founded at Lambarene, on the bank of the river Ogawa, where he began his ministry of healing under most primitive condi-tions in March, 1913. Later on, musical of healing under most primitive condi-tions in March, 1913. Later on, musical friends in Paris had a pedal piano made specially for his use in the trying cli-mate of the Equator. On it he has pur-sued the study of Bach's music for the organ. When the location of the hospital was found to be unsuitable the piano was moved to a new location on the bank of the same river about two miles away. The problem of its trans-portation was solved very simply. The moving van was one of the huge na-tive dug-out cances, hollowed out from one enormous tree trunk The picture above shows the piano amidships, with Dr. Schweitzer sitting just forward of it, accompanied by some of his staff. Those who attended the film "San-ders of the River" not only heard Paul Robeson's splendid voice, but saw sev-eral of these dug-out cances filled with warlike natives, sitting two abreast as they paddled and sang. The ease with which the piano is being carried in this cance gives eloquent proof of the size

#### SON OF HORACE WHITEHOUSE KILLED IN CRASH OF PLANES

Robert R. Whitehouse, a son of Dr. and Mrs. Horace Whitehouse of Evans-ton, Ill., met death in a collision of air-planes on Kelly flying field at San An-tonio, Tex., Aug. 15. The young man, who was an air cadet, was making a training flight when his plane crashed with that of Edward D. Willard, an-other cadet. Young Whitehouse jumped from his plane, but his parachute failed to open. Both men lost their lives. Details received from San Antonio indicate that Whitehouse's plane was struck and its tail was cut off by the other plane and he fell a distance of 3,000 feet. Dr. Whitehouse is professor of organ at the Northwestern University School of Music and organist and choirmaster of Christ Church, Winnetka. The young man who lost his life was a student at Northwestern for two years before his appointment last fall to the army train-ing school in Texas. Robert R. Whitehouse, a son of Dr. Chester E. Morsch took up his new duties as minister of music at the First Presbyterian Church of Albuquerque, N. Mex., July 15. Here he has a large organ and a congregation of 1,200 and a Sunday-school of 800 from which to draw for his choirs. Mr. Morsch received the degree of master of sacred music in 1932 from the School of Sacred Music, Union Seminary, New York City, under Dr. Clarence Dickinson. Mrs. Morsch re-ceived her degree of M.S.M. from the same school in 1938, and will direct the Christian education work in the church.

Young Whitehouse had made a fine record and in a short time was to re-ceive his commission as a lieutenant in the flying forces of the United States.





of these hand-hewn hollowed canoes of these hand-hewn hollowed canoes, which are often sixty or seventy feet long. The size of the river Ogawa may be judged by the fact that the land on the horizon is not the other side of the river, but islands in the middle of it. We have been told that the piano ar-rived safely, and is serving its useful purpose in the new hospital. REGINALD L. MCALL.

#### WILLIAM FORREST PAUL. PHILADELPHIA VETERAN, DIES

William Forrest Paul, A.A.G.O., a veteran Philadelphia organist, died in that city July 18 at the age of 75 years. Funeral services were held July 21 at his home at 726 North Fortieth street and among the pallbearers were the fol-lowing fellow organists: Arthur G. Bryan, F.A.G.O., Nathaniel Watson, Dr. Henry S. Fry, James C. Warhurst and Herbert M. Butcher, A.A.G.O. Mr. Paul was born on Christmas Day, 1862. In his career he held the positions at St. Andrew's Church, West Philadelphia; St. Asaph's, Bala, Pa.; St. Paul's Church, Doylestown; the Palatinate Reformed Church, Philadel-phia, and St. Luke's Reformed Episco-pal, Frankford. He served the last-named church until his retirement three years ago. William Forrest Paul, A.A.G.O.,

named church until his retirement three years ago. Mr. Paul was for many years an officer of the Pennsylvania Chapter, A.G.O., serving as secretary, then treas-urer and later as a member of the ex-ecutive committee. Besides serving churches mentioned as organist he taught piano and organ for a number of years. of years

PARK COLLEGE ORGAN

#### REPLACES ONE BURNED

#### INSTALLING A NEW KIMBALL

Larger Three-Manual Instrument Built as Successor to the One Destroyed by Fire in the Missouri School Last Christmas Night.

The second large three-manual Kim-ball organ is being installed at Park College, Parkville, Mo., this month, replacing the one destroyed by a fire which razed the college chapel on Christmas night. The new instrument, which is to be finished by the middle of the month, is a larger organ than the one that was burned and gives the growing Missouri college more in the way of musical resources. The W. W. Kimball Company has provided case-work and show pipes that are exact duplicates of those in the burned organ. Dr. William H. Barnes, who collabo-rated in the designing of the old in-strument, also acted as a consultant in the design of the new one. Charles Leonard Griffith is the organist and head of the music department at Park College and will preside over the new instrument. The second large three-manual Kim-

instrument.

The stop specifications are as follows:

## GREAT.

- GREAT. Contra Gemshorn (ext. of Gemshorn, 8 ft), 16 ft, 12 pipes. First Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Second Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Hohl Flöte, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Gemshorn, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Octave, 4 ft., 61 pipes. Gemshorn (ext. of Gemshorn, 8 ft.), 4 ft., 12 pipes. Flute Harmonique, 4 ft., 61 pipes. Fourniture, 4 ranks, 244 pipes. Trumpet, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Chimes (Deagan "D," Kimball special, piano hammer action), 25 tubular bells. Tremolo. SWELL.

Tremolo.
SWELL.
Lieblich Gedeckt (ext. of Rohrflöte, 8
ft.), 16 ft., 12 pipes.
Geigen Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Rohrflöte, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Salicional, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Flauto Dolce, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Flute Celeste, T. C., 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Octave Geigen, 4 ft., 73 pipes.
Flute d'Amour (ext. of Rohrflöte, 8 ft.), 2% ft.
ft. 12 pipes.
Nazard (ext. of Rohrflöte), 2 ft. Nazard (ext. of Rohrflöte, 8 ft.), Flautina(ext. of Rohrflöte), 2 ft. Plein Jeu, 4 ranks, 244 pipes. Contra Fagotto, 16 ft., 73 pipes. Trumpet, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Vox Humana, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Vax Humana, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Harp (prepared for), 8 ft. Celesta (prepared for), 4 ft. Tremolo. CHOIR

CHOIR. Contra Viola (ext. of Viola, 8 ft.), 16

ft

- Contra Viola (ext. of Viola, 8 ft.), 16 t., 12 pipes. Viola, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Viola Celeste, T. C., 8 ft., 61 pipes. Concert Flute, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Dulciana, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Unda Maris, T. C., 8 ft., 61 pipes. Lieblich Flöte, 4 ft., 73 pipes. Viola (ext. of Viola, 8 ft.), 4 ft., 12 pipes. Dulciana, 8 ft.), 4 ft., 2 pipes.
- pipes. Dolce Twelfth (ext. of Dulciana, 8 ft.), 15
- 2% D ft. bolce Fifteenth (ext. of Dulciana, 8 ft.),
- 2

39

Dolce Fifteenth (ext. of Dulc ft. Clarinet. 8 ft., 73 pipes. Chimes (from Great), 8 ft. Harp (prepared for), 8 ft. Celesta (prepared for), 4 ft. Tremolo.

PEDAL. Sub Bourdon (ext. of Bourdon, 16 ft.),

- Sub Bourdon, (ext. of Bourdon, 16 ft.), Open Diapason, 16 ft., 44 pipes. Bourdon, 16 ft., 56 pipes. Contra Viola (from Choir), 16 ft. Contra Gemshorn (from Great), 16 ft. Lieblich Gedeckt (from Swell), 16 ft. Octave (ext. of Open Diapason, 16 ft.), ft.
- ft.
- Flute (ext. of Bourdon, 16 ft.), 8 ft. Gemshorn (from Great), 8 ft.

Stillgedeckt (from Swell), 8 ft. Flute (ext. of Bourdon, 16 ft.), 4 f Contra Fagotto (from Swell), 16 ft. Chimes (from Great), 8 ft. 4 ft.

Preparation has been made in the console for an antiphonal organ which is to be installed later and the resources of which will be as follows:

MANUAL. MANUAL. Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Melodia, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Viole d'Amour, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Vox Angelica, T. C., 8 ft., 49 pipes. Octave, 4 ft., 61 pipes. Tremolo.

Octave, 4 ft., 61 pipes. Tremolo. PEDAL. Lieblich Bourdon (ext., of Melodia, 8 ft.), 16 ft., 12 pipes. Adjustable combinations, by remote control, include: Six adjustable pistons affecting great, antiphonal and pedal stops; great intra-manual and anti-phonal couplers; six combination pis-tons affecting swell and pedal stops and intra-manual couplers; six pistons affecting choir and pedal stops and in-tra-manual couplers; six toe pistons affecting pedal stops; six general pis-tons affecting stops and couplers of the entire organ, and pedal to manual "on" and "off" controls for each manual. W. IFOR JONES TO CONDUCT BETHLEHEM BACH CHOIR

## BETHLEHEM BACH CHOIR

BETHLEHEM BACH CHOIR BETHLEHEM BACH CHOIR William Ifor Jones, conductor of the Handel Choir of Westfield, N. J., since its formation in 1930, has been elected conductor of the famous Bach Choir of Bethlehem, Pa. He succeeds Dr. Bruce Carey of Girard College, Philadelphia. Mr. Jones is a native of Wales and showed a talent for music at an early age. After his early training in Wales he continued his studies in England and is a graduate, licentiate and associate of the Royal Academy of Music in Lon-don. Although he has specialized on the organ, he has had marked success as a choral conductor. Before coming to this country he conducted at a num-ber of British festivals and was for a while with the British National Opera Company. While with this organiza-tion he was associated with John Bar-birolli, present conductor of the New York Philharmonic-Symphony Orches-tra. Mr. Jones has also been assistant conductor to Sir Henry Wood. In this contry, he has been on the faculty of music at the New Jersey State College for Women in New Brunswick, organ-ist and choirmaster at the Broadway Tabernacle in New York, and conduc-tor of the Bach Cantata Club in New Brunswick. For several years he has been conductor of the Handel Choir of Westfield and of the Mendelssohn Glee Club in Plainfield, and has been organist and choirmaster at the Pres-byterian Church in Bound Brook. The Bach Choir of Bethlehem, found-would has been on on the father the Pres-byterian Church in Bound Brook.

byterian Church in Bound Brook. The Bach Choir of Bethlehem, found-ed in 1898 by the late Dr. J. Fred Wolle, has long been one of the out-standing choral societies of the country and its festivals, held in May, have attracted many Bach enthusiasts. The choir has 267 members, including sing-ers from such faraway places as Wash-ington, D. C., and Buffalo, N. Y.

#### COKE-JEPHCOTT, WHITMER, ROSS ON GUILMANT FACULTY

The summer session of the Guilmant Organ School, under the direction of Willard Irving Nevins, which came to a successful close Aug. 6, had the larg-est registration of any in the history of the school. Plans are being made for the opening of the fall season Oct. 4. Norman Coke-Jephcott, organist and choirmaster of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine; T. Carl Whitmer, author of "The Art of Improvisation." and Hugh Ross, director of the Schola Can-torum of New York, will give special courses during the 1938-9 season. The competition for free scholarships will be held Friday, Sept. 30. "PETIT ENSEMBLE" USED

#### "PETIT ENSEMBLE" USED AT LUTHERAN CONVENTION

Kilgen "Petit Ensemble" was in-A Kilgen "Petit Ensemble" was in-stalled for the international convention of the Missouri Synod of the Lutheran Church in the convention hall and audi-torium of St. Louis June 18 to 25. More than 3,000 people from all parts of the world were present and choirs from different churches as well as a massed choir accompanied the music for the services. The "Petit Ensemble" was used for solo work as well as for the accompaniment of the choirs.

#### HENRY W. WORLEY DIES IN MIDST OF CAMPAIGN

-2-

#### RACE FOR CONGRESS ENDED

Organ Builder Who Was Mayor of Columbus, Ohio, Collapses After Radio Speech, Bringing His Unique Career to Close.

Henry W. Worley, for two-score years an organ builder and for twenty years a political leader in his home city of Columbus, Ohio, died suddenly in that city Aug. 5. Mr. Worley, prob-ably the only organ builder ever to become mayor of a large American municipality, was the chief executive of Columbus for a term of four years, from 1932 to 1936. Mr. Worley was a victim of heart disease only a few minutes after he had completed a radio speech in his cam-paign for the Democratic nomination for Congress. After making the ad-dress he drove away with a friend who was office manager of his campaign. In front of the home of the friend he collapsed, and died before arrival at a hospital. He had been warned of his condition and took part energetically in the campaign against the orders of his physician. his physician.

in the campagn against the orders of his physician. Henry William Worley was born April 9, 1877, in Battersea, so close to the heart of old London that his youth-ful ears could distinctly hear "Big Ben" from Westminster Tower in the House of Parliament boom the passage of the hours. In the spring of 1882 he and his father and mother, his brother, Al-fred C. Worley, now owner and pub-lisher of *The Times* of New Milford, Conn., and his sister were transplanted to a humble home near Spring and Elizabeth streets in lower New York City. Henry entered the public schools and paid his way by selling newspapers on lower Broadway and the Bowery. To increase his earning power, at 13 years of age, he entered the employ-ment of J. H. & C. S. Odell, the organ builders, on West Forty-second street, as an apprentice.

A musical career appealed strongly to him and he was appointed soprano soloist at the Chapel of the Transfigur-ation, on Sixty-ninth street, near Broadway, and became a member of this Episcopal Church. He played the violin well and became a recognized orbroadway, and became a member of this Episcopal Church. He played the violin well and became a recognized or-chestra leader. He was completing his education at Cooper Institute when war broke out between Spain and America. When the call to arms sounded Mr. Worley enlisted as a vol-unteer in the Twenty-second New York Volunteer Infantry, serving until hon-orably discharged. One of the officers of his company was Edward Jardine of Jardine & Co., organ builders, with a factory then on East Thirty-ninth street, New York City. The Spanish-American War over, Captain Jardine offered Private Worley a job in the Jardine factory. April 9, 1899, Mr. Worley married

Jardine factory. April 9, 1899, Mr. Worley married Sadie E. Glynn. After two years with Jardine he moved to Boston to enter the service of the Hutchings-Votey Organ Company, where he met and made a friend of Superintendent Ernest M. Skinner. When Mr. Skinner opened his own factory in South Boston Mr. Worley was placed in charge of plant production. production.

production. Soon the "call of the West" came and Mr. Worley set out on a pilgrim-age. With his family he left Boston and stopped at Erie, Pa., to work a short time for the A. B. Felgemaker Company. He arrived in Columbus in the early spring of 1908 and purchased a home. He also bought property on First avenue, where he operated an organ factory for nearly a quarter of a century.

After leaving the office of mayor Mr. Worley and his service director, Wil-laim J. Lucks, went into the small home construction business, fabricating houses in the old organ factory.

nouses in the old organ factory. Mr. Worley is survived by his widow; a son, Henry, Jr., secretary of the Springfield, Ohio. Chamber of Commerce; two daughters, Mrs. Alice Eckhart and Miss Mildred Worley; three brothers and three sisters. He was past grand regent of the Royal Arcanum and a member of St. Stephen's Episcopal Church.

#### ARTHUR B. JENNINGS



#### MAX G. MIRANDA FINISHES TWENTY YEARS AT BELOIT

Max G. Miranda, just completing his Max G. Miranda, just completing his twentieth year as professor of music and organist at Beloit College, Beloit, Wis., has been granted a sabbatical leave and will pass the year in grad-uate work at the University of Wis-consin, retaining his residence and position at the First Presbyterian Church in Beloit. Sumner A. Jackson, organist of Plymouth Church of the Pilgrims in Brooklyn, has been ap-pointed associate professor and acting head of the department at Beloit, it is announced by President Irving Maurer.

#### KATHRYN BLISS ROGERS DIES; MILTON COLLEGE ORGANIST

Kathryn Bliss Rogers, for Mrs. many years a prominent organist and organ teacher of Wisconsin, died at her home in Milton Aug. 3 at the age of 54 years.

of 54 years. Kathryn Bliss was born in Milton Junction, Wis., Aug. 13, 1884. She was graduated from the school of music of Milton College in piano and later studied organ with President W. C. Daland and with teachers in Milwau-kee and Chicago. She was a member of the American Guild of Organists.

#### SEPTEMBER 1, 1938

#### **IN THIS MONTH'S ISSUE**

Memoirs of Louis Vierne, written by him shortly before his death, are translated for THE DIAPASON by Esther E. Jones and the first installment of these interesting recollections is published.

Large organ being installed by the W. W. Kimball Company at Park College to take the place of a Kimball destroyed by fire.

Frank Wright, New York organist, teacher and authority on musical theory, writes on the benefits of study of strict counterpoint.

Dr. Macdougall, writing his "Free Lance" column from Europe, tells how Alfred Hollins plays a service.

Arthur B. Jennings of Pittsburgh, famous American organist, accepts appointment to University of Minnesota

Henry W. Worley, veteran organ builder and former mayor of Columbus, Ohio, dies in midst of campaign for Congress.

#### THE DIAPASON.

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1911, at the positive at charge, inc. and the act of March 3, 1879. Issued monthly. Office of publication, 306 South Wabash avenue, Chicago, III.

Mrs. Rogers had been the organ teacher in Milton College since the death of President Daland in 1921; was organist of the Milton Seventh-Day Baptist Church for forty years and of the First Baptist Church, Janesville, for the last three years. Since the autumn of 1930 she had been the di-rector of the Treble Clef of Milton College and was accompanist for the Choral Union for nearly thirty-five years. years

years. Miss Bliss was married in 1905 to Walter E. Rogers. Survivors are her husband, who is village clerk and county supervisor, and a son, Robert Bliss Rogers.

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#### CHURCH MUSIC WEEK MAGNET AT EVANSTON

#### ANNUAL INSTITUTE IS HELD

#### New National Association of Choir Directors Holds First Annual Convention in Connection with Course at Northwestern.

Course at Northwestern. Evanston was a center of attraction for church musicians from Aug. 2 to 9 when the sixth annual church and cho-ral music institute of Northwestern University was held. In connection with the institute the new National As-sociation of Choir Directors held its first annual convention Aug. 8 and 9. The institute drew approximately 125 organists and directors from various states who took advantage of the op-portunity for a week of study under the members of the staff, headed by Dr. Clarence Dickinson of Union Theologi-cal Seminary, New York, with others on the faculty including Mrs. Helen A. Dickinson, Robert G. McCutchan, dean emeritus of the school of music of De Pauw University; Horace Whitehouse, A.G.O., Mus. D., professor of organ at Northwestern; LeRoy E. Wetzel, Walter E. Buszin and others. The National Association of Choir Directors was launched at Evanston a sear ago with twenty-five charter mem-bers and at its meeting this year it was able to report a roster of 100 members, McCutchan is president general, LeRoy

bets and arbs meeting this year it was able to report a roster of 100 members, representing twenty-eight states. Dean McCutchan is president general, LeRoy E. Wetzel is vice-president and Oliver S. Beltz, head of the department of church music at Northwestern, is sec-retary. At a dinner in the First Meth-odist Church of Evanston Aug. 8, at which Dean McCutchan presided, re-ports of officers were made and the aims of the organization were outlined. It was pointed out that the association is to serve its membership "by binding together church musicians all over the country and making available to mem-bers a journal for which plans have been made; by offering to members an impetus for local chapter organizations, which will in turn be part of a national impetus for local chapter organizations, which will in turn be part of a national organization (the local and regional chapters will be able to carry out edu-cational activities which will benefit not only church music as a whole but also the individual member); by creating through an annual convention the op-portunity to study practical problems in church music under authorities in the field." field

In church music under authorities in the field." Several features marked the joint sessions of the institute and the choir directors' organization. On Sunday evening, Aug. 7, at the First M. E. Church of Evanston, Dr. Horace White-house gave an organ program and the new Aeolian A Cappella Choir of Chi-cago, led by Oliver S. Beltz, sang. De-spite the heat of the evening a large audience sat throughout a program of high merit without diminution of inter-est. Dr. Whitehouse gave a capable interpretation to this exacting list of offerings: Concerto in A major (Con maesta; Allegro-Adagio-Allegro), Han-del: Chorale Preludes, "My Innermost Heart Doth Yearn" and "We All Be-lieve in One God, Creator," Bach; Sym-phony 6 (Introduction and Allegro,

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--3 Aria and Scherzo), Vierne; Sketch in F minor, Schumann; Andante from Sym-phony, Op. 18, Edward S. Barnes; Pre-lude and Fugue in E major, Saint-Saens; "Twilight at Fiesole" (from Suite "Harmonies of Florence"), Bing-ham; Fugue a la Gigue, Bach. The Beltz's forces gave evidence of the painstaking training received from their conductor and showed finesse, though the organization is in its in-fancy, in the singing of the following: "Alla T r in i ta Beata," Traditional; "Gloria Patri," Palestrina; "Adoramus Te," Palestrina; "Like as the Hart," Palestrina; "O Lord M o st Holy," Brucher; "Behold, the Tabernacle of God," Healey Willan; "Benedictus qui veni," Liszt; "Jesu, Priceless Treas-ure," Bach. The final event of the week was a beautiful program of church music by the choristers of the institute at St. Luke's Procathedral Aug. 9. LeRoy E. Wetzel conducted the chorus in the singing of a list of anthems studied in the course of the week and Herbert. Hyde, Mus. D., organist and choirmas-tist of anthems included the following: "Tet All the World in Every Corner Sing," E. T. Chapman, "Expectans Fing," E. T. Chapman, "Expectans Fing," E. T. Chapman, "Expectans for anthems included the following: "Tomise That Was Made," Edward C. Bairow; "Evening," George Dyson; Choral Blessing, Peter Christian Lut-in, An address on "Music and Wor-ship was delivered by Dr. E. Enyeart Harner, president of Simpson College. An interesting feature of the week was a tour of the organs of Evanston under the leadership of Dr. William H, Barnes, which culminated at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Barnes, where refresh-ments and organ numbers brought the vening to a close.



BOSTON, MASS.

# **AEOLIAN-SKINNER**

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# EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

Hollins College, Virginia, has placed a contract with Aeolian-Skinner for a threemanual instrument of thirtyeight speaking stops, to be installed in the Chapel of Hollins College in the near future.

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#### 620

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## **Melodies of Masters** Played in Series of 75 Transcriptions

Under the title of "Melodies of the Masters of Music," Homer Emerson Williams, A.A.G.O., has presented to his congregation in the fashionable suburban town of Rye, N. Y., a series of transcriptions for the organ which have proved an attractive feature of the services at the Presbyterian Church. While the purists who object to the performance of any transcriptions will be duly shocked, others who love music for its own sake, and approve its use on any instrument, without regard to original purpose, will be very much interested in what Mr. Williams has done and the success of the under-taking. taking.

taking. The series during the year consisted of the playing of seventy-five composi-tions, thirty-six of which were arrange-ments made by Mr. Williams himself. In a foreword to his list he explains his aim in the following words: "The playing of this series of pieces is the fulfillment of a desire to bring to the congregation some of the finest

is the fulfillment of a desire to bring to the congregation some of the finest melodies of the masters, which by rea-son of their high inspiration would be worthy of a place in our service of worship. Music typical of the genius of the composer has been selected, and in many cases arranged for the organ for this series." for this series

for this series." The following is a complete list of the pieces played, with the names of the arrangers in parentheses: WAGNER—Prelude to "Lohengrin" (B. Sulze): Prize Song from "Die Meister-singer" (Karg-Elert): "Prayer" from "Lo-hengrin" (Sulze): "Elizabeth's Prayer" from "Tannhäuser" (Karg-Elert); "Song to the Evening Star" from "Tannhäuser" (Lemare); "Album Leaf" for Planoforte (La Villa). SCHUMANN — "Nachtstück." On 23

(Lemare); "Album Leaf" for Planoforte (La Villa).
SCHUMANN — "Nachtstück," Op. 23
(Ashmall); "Solitary Flowers" from "Forest Scenes" (H. E. W.); Sketch in C major for the Pedal Plano (H. E. W.).
SCHUKERT—"Prayer" from Octette (Al-bert E. Wier); "By the Sea," transcribed by Liszt (H. E. W.); Impromptu in A flat, Op. 142, No. 2 (H. E. W.).
BEFTHOVEN — Adagio from "Son at a Pathetique," Op. 13 (John Hiles); Largo from Sonata, Op. 7 (James T. Pye); Adagio, Op. 27, No. 2, from "Moonlight" Sonata (La Villa): Adagio Cantabile from Sonata for Piano and Violin (Ho-ratio Parker); Allegro assai from Ninth Symphony (last movement) (H. E. W.).
MOZART—Andante Cantabile from So-nata for Pianoforte in C major (H. E. W.); Kyrie from Twelfth Mass (Sir John Goss); Solemn March from "The Magic Flute" (Goss).
BRAHAS—Theme for Horns from First Symphony (Last movement) (H. E. W.); Lullaby (H. E. W.); Andante from So-nata for Pianoforte in C major (H. E.

DEALMS-Theme for Horns from First Symphony (last movement) (H. E. W.); Lullaby (H. E. W.); Andante from So-nata for Pianoforte in C major (H. E. W.).

nata for Pianoforte in C major (H. E. W.). GLUCK—Air for Flute from "Orfeo ed Euridice" (H. E. W.): Sarabande from "Orfeo ed Euridice" (H. E. W.); Caprice from "Alceste" (H. E. W.). MENDELSSOHN—Andante from Concerto for Piano in G minor (H. E. W.): Noc-turne from "Midsummer Night's Dream" (Albert G. Emerick): "Song without Words" in C major (No. 48) (H. E. W.). WEBER — "Prayer" from "Der Frei-schütz" (Arthur Henry Brown); Melody for Horns from Overture to "Der Frei-schütz" (H. E. W.); Andante con moto from "Oberon" (H. E. W.). HANDEL—Largo from "Xerxes" (Shel-ley); Sarabande from Concerto for Oboe (H. E. W.); First Movement from Con-certo for Strings and Wind Instruments (Best).

(Best).

CHOPIN-Nocturne in G minor, Op. 15 CHOPIN—Nocturne in G minor, Op. 15, No. 3 (A. W. Gottschalg); Prelude in D flat, Op. 28, No. 15 (Best); Prelude in E major, Op. 82, No. 9 (Liszt); Nocturne in G minor, Op. 37, No. 1 (Edwin M. Lott); Melody, Op. 26, No. 1 (H. E. W.); Theme from Fantasie in F minor (H. E. W.); BACH—Arioso from Concerto for Vio-loncello (H. E. W.); Sarabande from So-nata for Violoncello in D (H. E. W.); Preludio in B flat minor from "The Well-tempered Clavichord," Book I (A. W. Gottschalg).

Preludio in B flat minor from "The Well-tempered Clavichord," Book I (A. W. Gottschalg). Bizzt—Adagietto from "Suite L'Arles-ienne" (Horatio Parker): Intermezzo from "Suite L'Arlesienne" (Shelley); "The March of the Three Kings" from "Suite L'Arlesienne" (H. E. W.). HENRY PURCELL—"Lament" from "Dido and Aeneas" (H. E. W.); Adagio from "The Golden Sonata" (H. E. W.); Mod-erato in C minor from the anthem "O Give Thanks" (H. E. W.). MASSENET—"Prayer" (Shelley); Medi-tation from "Thais" (Alfred J. Silver);

#### HOMER E. WILLIAMS

4



"Angelus" from "Scenes Pittoresques" (Albert E. Wier).
TSCHAIKOWSKY — "June," Barcarolle from "The Months" (H. E. W.); Andante Cantabile from Fifth Symphony (H. E. W.); Andante (Lyric Theme) from "Sym-phony Pathetique" (Lemare).
MacDoWELL—"Romance" from Etudes, Op. 39 (C. Charlton Palmer); "To a Wild Rose," from "Woodland Sketches" (Pal-mer); "To a Water Lily" from "Wood-land Sketches" (Palmer); "To the Sea" from "Sea Pieces" (H. E. W.).
SAINT-SAENS—"The Swan" from "Le Carnival des Animaux" (Parker); "The Nightingale and the Rose" from "Pary-satis" (Courtade); "Alleluia" from Christ-mas Oratorio (H. E. W.).
DVGAK — Largo from "New World" Symphony (Lemare); "Songs My Mother Taught Me" from "Gypsy Songs" (Le-mare); "On the Holy Mount" (H. E. W.).
GRIEG—"Solvejg's Song" from Incidental Music to "Peer Gynt" (Kraft): Melody from "Sigurd Jorsalfar" (H. E. W.).; March from "Sigurd Jorsalfar" (H. E. W.).
FRANCK—Allegretto from Sonata, fro Piano and Violin (H. E. W.); Fifth Beati-tude, "Blessed Are the Merciful" (H. E. W.); Chorale from Prelude, Chorale and Fugue (H. E. W.).
MAYDN – Largo from Symphony in G (Goss); Andante Grazioso from String Quartet (Albert G. Emerick); Kyrie from Firt Mass (Goss).
More Emerson Williams, A.A.G.O., was born in Worcester, Mass, and be-

First Mass (Gos). Homer Emerson Williams, A.A.G.O., was born in Worcester, Mass., and be-gan the study of the organ at an early age under Alfred H. Booth, organist of St. Matthew's Church. He started on his career as an organist in Bos-ton when he was appointed organist and choirmaster of the H ig h I an d Church, Roxbury, to succeed the late Frederick Field Bullard. This position he held for several years. Then he moved to New York, where he became concert director for Chickering & Sons and organist for Dr. Stephen S. Wise at the Free Synagogue in Carnegie Hall. During this time he continued his study of organ and composition with

at the Free Synagogue in Carnegie Hall. During this time he continued his study of organ and composition with Clifford Demarest. For ten years Mr. Williams was as-sociate organist at Temple Emanu-El, New York, under the late Kurt Schind-ler, and for the last ten years he has held the position of organist at the Presbyterian Church in the town of Rye, N. Y., where he makes his home. In addition to his church work Mr. Williams has been for many years or-ganist and teacher of music at the DeWitt Clinton High School, New York City, and he will assume like duties at the High School of Science, which will open in the fall. Mr. Williams is the composer of "The Christian Year," a series of an-thems and carols for use in the fes-tivals of the church; a Lenten cantata. "The Story of the Cross," and secular songs and piano solos. He has also made arrangements for organ from the orchestral and piano repertoire, particu-larly for use in the church service.

SEPTEMBER 1, 1938

# M. P. MÖLLER, INC.

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#### WORK AT TEXAS UNIVERSITY HEADED BY E. WILLIAM DOTY

HEADED BY E. WILLIAM DOTY Opening of the newly-established College of Fine Arts at the University of Texas this fall will make available training in music, art and the drama. It has been the university's aim to create a fine arts division that will peculiarly fit the heritage, environment and culture of Texas, bringing the three arts into a comprehensive whole. A legislative appropriation of \$32,400 for each year of the 1937-38 biennium is available for initial support of the new college. The past year has been spent in assembling a staff, headed by E. William Doty of the University of Michigan, who began his work April 3, as previously announced in THE DIAPASON. The department will include work leading to a music degree, with majors in voice, piano, organ and violin. The music staff will include Chase Baromeo. Metropolitan Opera Com-pany baritone, who will head the voice department; Dean Doty, who will be in charge of organ and music litera-ture; Thomas Gorton, instructor in piano and theory, and Albert T. Luper, uin and theory.

piano and theory, and Albert T. Luper, violin and theory. From 1923 to 1926 Dr. Doty attended Western State Teachers' College, Kala-mazoo, Mich. He received the degree of bachelor of arts in education from the University of Michigan in 1927 and the degree of bachelor of music and master of arts in philosophy in 1929. During the season 1932-33 he studied at the University of Leipzig and the Leipzig Konservatorium and during the 1933 summer session at the Salz-burg Mozarteum. He took his doctor of philosophy degree at the University of Michigan in 1936. Dr. Doty's teach-ing experience includes instructorships in organ at the University of Michigan, as well as the assistant professorship which he left. He was musical director of the university centennial opera and assisted in drawing up the graduate administrative organization under which the school of music at the University of Michigan is now operating.



#### ROBERT L. SANDERS GOING TO UNIVERSITY OF INDIANA

Robert L. Sanders, organist and di-rector at the First Unitarian Church, Chicago, who has achieved a reputation as a composer and teacher, has been appointed dean of the school of music at the University of Indiana. He will take up his new duties at Bloomington late this month. The Indiana school has an enrollment of approximately 1,000 students and a commodious new building as headquarters is to be com-pleted in about a year. Mr. Sanders has been a member of the faculty of the University of Chi-cago since 1934 and an instructor at the Meadville Theological School, now lo-cated in this city, in addition to his work

cated in this city, in addition to his work at the First Unitarian Church.

-5-

#### ROBERT L. SANDERS

Mr. Sanders is a graduate of the Chi-cago Conservatory of Music and among his teachers have been Irene Belden Zaring, Edgar Nelson and Edgar Braz-elton. In 1925 he won the Prix de Respighi, Bustini, Bobici, Lioncourt and Braud. His compositions have been performed by the Chicago Symphony Orchestra and he has served as guest conductor of that organization on sev-eral occasions. INTERESTING ORGAN IS OVERHAULED BY I The work of overhauling t in the Church of the Most I Organ Company of Nyack, N. rector of the church is the R G. Behr, C. SS. R., and the or Augustin Meighan. The or eral occasions

#### NEW MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS ON EXHIBITION IN CHICAGO

A glimpse of the fruits of experi-ments in new forms of tone production and in novel instruments was offered at and in novel instruments was offered at the national musical instrument show conducted at the Stevens Hotel in Chi-cago the first week of August. Piano and band instrument manufacturers and the retail dealers through their na-tional associations participated in the convention. Among the many exhibits included that of the Estey Organ Cor-poration, which showed its remarkable new two-manual reed organ, with standard organ console; the Hammond Instrument Company; the Aeolian-Skinner Company, which showed its Aeolian-Hammond player organ; J. C. Deagan, Inc., who had an exhibit of Acolian-Hammond player organ; J. C. Deagan, Inc., who had an exhibit of their chimes and other percussion in-struments; the Maas Organ Company, which exhibited its chimes; the Everett Piano Company, which had its Orga-tron in the latest model on display, and the Wurlitzer Company, which showed an entirely new electronic instrument.

Death of Laurens Hammond's Mother. Death of Laurens Hammond's Mother. Mrs. Idea L. Hammond, mother of Laurens Hammond, inventor of the Hammond electronic organ, died at her home in Evanston July 29. Funeral services were held at St. Luke's Cathe-dral Aug. 1. In addition to her son Mrs. Hammond is survived by two daughters—Mrs. Eunice Tietjens, the poet, and Miss Louise Hammond, an Episcopal missionary in China, now at home on furlough. Her husband, Wil-liam A. Hammond, died in 1897. home on furlough. Her husban liam A. Hammond, died in 1897.

#### THE DIAPASON

## OVERHAULED BY FENTON

The work of overhauling the organ in the Church of the Most Holy Re-deemer, East Third street, New York City, has been completed by the Fenton Organ Company of Nyack, N. Y. The rector of the church is the Rev. John G. Behr, C. SS. R., and the organist is Augustin Meighan. The organ is a three-manual of thirty-nine straight stops and one "borrow" and was built in 1911 by Arthur L. Fenton. The over-hauling included cleaning, replacement of action parts worn out by twenty-seven years of use, averaging five hours daily, and the installation of a new combination action and direct electric stopkeys in place of the original draw-knobs. knobs

Until 1911 a two-manual organ stood in a second gallery of this church and was blown by box bellows operated by a heavy man or two stepping from one box, or wooden plunger, to another, thus forcing the air from these feeders alternately into the reservoir where the pressure was maintained at two and one-fourth inches. When the three-manual electric organ was built in 1911 most of the twenty stops of the old organ were revoiced on three and one-half inches and incorporated in the organ. Among the original stops re-tained were three mixtures, the com-position of which might interest some readers: Until 1911 a two-manual organ stood readers:

| Swell three and four- | rank | <  |    |    |    |
|-----------------------|------|----|----|----|----|
| CC to BB              | 17   | 19 | 22 |    |    |
| C to B                | 15   | 17 | 22 |    |    |
| c' to b'              |      |    |    |    |    |
| c2 to b2              |      |    |    | 17 |    |
| e3 to e4              | 8    | 10 | 12 | 15 |    |
| Great four-rank-      |      |    |    |    |    |
| CC to BB              | 5    |    |    |    |    |
| C to c4               | 5    | S  | 10 | 15 |    |
| Great five-rank-      |      |    |    |    |    |
| CC to BB              | 12   | 15 | 17 | 22 |    |
| C to b'               | 8    | 12 | 15 | 17 | 22 |
| c2 to b2              | 1    | 8  | 12 | 15 | 17 |
| e3 to e4              | 1    | 8  | 12 | 12 | 15 |
| Various classes of p  |      |    |    |    |    |

in these mixtures—stopped wood, metal chimney, metal taper and metal straight of the diapason family.





All the tradition, all the skill, all the artistry developed through three centuries of organ building, are crystallized in the perfected Kilgen Organ of today. Technical experimentation never ceases in the Kilgen plant. Here, acoustical engineers, research men and professional musicians are forever striving for the last degree of musical perfection within the possibilities of a pipe organ.

Petit Ensemble

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#### SEPTEMBER 1, 1938

#### Memoirs of Louis Vierne; His Life and Contacts with Famous Men

Introduction. In 1934 Les Amis de L'Orgue, an asso Introduction. In 1934 Les Amis de L'Orgue, an asso-diation in France which somewhat resem-bles our American Guild of Organists, began to publish in its Bulletin, which appears four times a year, the "Souvenirs of Louis Vierne." The maître gave me twent on and they became increasingly in-teresting I wished that all of his Ameri-and they became increasingly in-teresting I wished that all of his Ameri-and they became increasingly in-teresting I wished that all of his Ameri-and they became increasingly in-teresting I wished that all of his Ameri-and they became increasingly in-teresting I wished that all of his Ameri-and they became increasingly in-teresting I wished that gentle, naive way of his, and gave me the numbers regularly the maître if I might translate them. He with the time of his death in June, 1937. The "Souven's" were not complete at the time of his death in June, 1937. The "Souven's" were not complete at the they be pass on to others what will here able familier to those who were his phereous, devoted friend and eager to have not misinterpreted him. He was a gave out misinterpreted him. He was a phare with others his great love of music and his wealth of musical knowledge, as while was his richly human philosophy of part and living, which he expressive bits unceloring and pungent way, and which, neidentally. I have tried where possible to keep, although many expressive bits to all their wit and meaning in transla-tions should amerer first in the these

It seemed natural and right that these articles should appear first in this country in THE DIAPASON, and I submit them a an offering in memory of a great musician and n great wish to man.

I wish to express my indebtedness to M. and Mme. André Morize for their sym-pathetic and invaluable assistance. ESTHER E. JONES.

By LOUIS VIERNE

[Translated by Esther E. Jones] I.

It was my uncle Charles Colin, Prix e Rome, organist at Saint-Denis-du-Saint-Sacrament, professor of oboe at the Conservatoire, who, in my earliest childhood, discovered my musical gifts and advised my father to set me on the and advised my father to set me on the path to an artistic career. I was then 5 years old. I was born blind. We were living in Lille, whither the hazards of a journalist's profession had called my father to the post of editor-in-chief of the *Mémorial de Lille*, a position which he occupied until the breaking up of the Bonapartist party at the death of the Prince Impérial. During this time Dr. de Wecker of Paris had restored to me sight enough for getting about. recognizing people, seeing objects at a short distance, and reading large type

short distance, and reading large type at very close range. My father, a man of letters, while subscribing unreservedly to my uncle's opinion, felt that the regular intellec-tual studies were indispensable for de-veloping a broad general culture. He claimed, and rightly, that through these studies an artist creative approach is claimed, and rightly, that through these studies an artist greatly enriches his particular talent, forming a mind capa-ble of discerning much more deeply the relations which exist between the vari-ous manifestations of intelligence. The future was to prove more than ade-quately the wisdom of this point of view

It was quickly seen that I could not It was quickly seen that I could not be taught by normal methods, and it was decided that I should be given the instruction of the blind, based on the Braille system. So I was initiated into the reading and writing of the punched characters by a former student of the Institution Nationale de Paris, Richard Horman, who continued also to teach me solfège and piano, the rudiments of which I had studied with my Aunt Colin and with that good soul, Mile. Gosset of Lille.

Love for Organ at First Sight I heard a church organ for the first time at St. Maurice in Lille. I thought

time at St. Maurice in Lille. I thought it must be sorcery; the variety of tim-bres, the continuity of sound, the mag-ical effects of softness, of crescendo and of power filled me with a mysterious terror, and also with the desire to play this miraculous instrument myself. My uncle, informed of this fact by my father, drew up a very definite pro-gram of study—preparation at the In-stitution Nationale de Paris, where I should receive complete instruction; then, entrance as a student into the organ class at the Conservatoire, con-

ducted at that time by César Franck, with whom my uncle was very well acquainted. In 1880 I went to Paris with my fam-

In 1880 I went to Paris with my fami-ily. I was then in my tenth year. I was entrusted to a teacher of the name of Henri Specht, who, although blind, had obtained an *accessit* (certificate of merit) in oboe (an unheard-of thing in these days) in my unally also and of merit) in oboe (an unheard-of thing in those days) in my uncle's class, and who was teaching piano as well as his own instrument in my future school. Under his guidance I made rapid prog-ress; he prepared me for skipping the elementary class and for passing at once into the second year, an impor-tant gain of time. In April, 1881, my uncle introduced me to his organ in St. Denis-du-Saint-Sacrament, explaining to me how it

me to his organ in St. Denis-du-Saint-Sacrament, explaining to me how it was handled. At the same time he re-vealed to me the art of improvisation. What a revelation! I saw what sort of a monster this was which had been haunting my childish dreams, and at the same time that it was possible to create music without conscious effort create music without conscious effort. I was thrilled, and the phrase "when I am an organist" appeared like a *leit-*motif in every conversation in which I

*molif* in every conversation in which a took part. In July of that year, which exerted a decisive influence upon my life, my uncle, upon coming out from a competition at the Conservatoire, where he was a member of the board of examiners, caught cold. He had been decorated (Chevalier of the Legion of Honor) three weeks earlier, and a small Honor) three weeks earlier, and a small celebration of the family and intimate friends was to take place before the summer holidays. It was changed into mourning when the poor man suc-numbed to mourning the the poor man sucsummer hondays. It was changed into mourning when the poor man suc-cumbed to pneumonia. In him I lost not only a dearly-beloved relative, who had shown me the tenderest affection, but also my chief supporter, the one who had decided my future and whose encouragement and aid would have been indispensable to me later on. This was my second sorrow, the first hav-ing been the death of my young sister, carried away in three days by the same illness. I have kept devotedly the memory of my uncle, who was an un-assuming man with a heart of gold, at once artistic and competent, and pas-sionately attached to his work. **Starts on Long Road to Fame** In October I became a resident stu-dent at the Institution Nationale. Then began the long road which separated me

dent at the institution Nationale. Then began the long road which separated me from the supreme goal of my child-hood ambitions, matured beyond their years by adversity. I shall not go into an account of the flood of impressions which overwhelmed me when I thus torn from family life and shut among strangers. That is of a sentimental nature and without of a purely much interest to the readers of a specialized periodical. I shall limit myself to speaking of what had direct bearing upon my development as a musician in eneral and as an organist in particu-

lar. First, the plan of study. was three First, the plan of study. The re-quired minimum was three years of solfège, three of harmony and two of composition. Besides piano, which was obligatory for everyone, each student was required to play an orchestral in-strument suited to his physical apti-tudes. To me was assigned the violin. For piano and the other instruments the punils were classed in divisions. The pupils were classed in divisions. trial class came first, then the pupils were classed in divisions. The trial class came first, then the seven years of elementary study, divided into seven sections, but inversely according to number, the sixth division following the trial class, and so on. If one had not repeated a division one would pass into the finishing class in the eighth year, then in the first year of graduate study into the "honor division." From then on one was out of the divisions, and therefore out of competition. The term examinations occurred in January, before Easter and in July. The last was in the form of a competition for prizes and counted for half of the required points. Beginning with the third division, the competitions took place in dured points. Beginning with the third division, the competitions took place in the concert hall, and Franck presided over them, assisted by other judges from outside the school. In my time these were Dallier, then the young or-ganist of St. Eustache, and Devroye, the well-known flutist.

Beginning with the fourth division, all the students were obliged to play in the orchestra, which gave four conin the orchestra, which gave four con-certs a year, not counting the one on the day of the distribution of prizes, or those given from time to time on spe-cial occasions. We rehearsed every day from 4 to 5 o'clock. During the first half-hour we memorized our parts under the direction of the leader of the section; then we put them all together under the conductor of the orchestra. Singing in the chorus was obligatory, but the study of solo singing was op-tional and reserved for those who had good voices. The school was divided good voices. The school was divided into two sections, one for the boys and one for the girls. The latter took part in the mixed chorus both at religious services and in concert.

For our artistic development we had the Sunday concerts (Colonne, Lamou-reux, the Société des Concerts du Con-servatoire), to which we were admitted free through the generosity of these as-sociations. Every Wednesday we at-tended the performances at the Opera, loge 11 of the fifth balcony being re-served for us on that day. Recitals or chamber concerts at Erard or Pleyel, the six concerts of Guilmant at the Trocadero, the mass on St. Cecilia's day at St. Eustache, repeated at Notre Dame the day of the Annunciation, such were our contacts with the artistic life outside—rather limited after all. The instruction in subjects of gen-For our artistic development we had

such were our contacts with the attestic life outside—rather limited after all. The instruction in subjects of gen-eral culture, so-called, spread out over a period of six years, and included grammar, history, geography, mathe-matics, rhetoric, philosophy, physics, chemistry, religious instruction from the short catechism to the "persever-ance" and to theological readings, and elocution. No Latin, no Greek, no mod-ern languages, no history of music. In short, the primary subjects and a sketchy secondary training, nothing more. On leaving school it cost me a terrific effort to escape from this in-tellectual prison and to struggle up against the current; I found strength for it, partly in the memory of my father, partly in the curiosity stimu-lated by this early contact, which noth-ing will ever completely satisfy.

#### Daily Program of Hard Work

The daily program? Two hours of piano practice, two of the other instru-ment, four hours of general culture classes, one hour of solfège, or later of hormony, three hours of study to proclasses, one hour of solfege, or later of harmony; three hours of study to pre-pare exercises and learn lessons; a quarter of an hour for the piano lesson; a quarter of an hour for the instrumental lesson (except, and this was my case, for those who studied their instrument with professors from outside who were not blind, and who were entitled to two half-hour lessons a week); one hour of not blind, and who were entitled to two half-hour lessons a week); one hour of reading aloud by a teacher or by the *censeur*; catechism and elocution on Thursday. On that day there were no general classes, but an extra hour of piano and one of instrument. Each day there were an hour and three-quarters for recreation. We rose at 6:30 and went to bed at 9. Common prayers more and evening prayers argin bemorning and evening, prayers again be-fore and after each class; Angelus and Grâces before and after each meal. Mass on Thursday at 9 and on Sun-day at 8:30; vespers on Sunday at 2. For fetes occurring on weekdays, services as on Sunday. One Sunday of 2. For fetes occurring on weekdays, services as on Sunday. One Sunday of leave a month, two for those on the honor roll. One day off at New Year's, two days at Easter, one at Whitsuntide and on July 14, and two months of vacation. All of which is a far cry from presentday practice. Was it better? Was it not as good? Who can sav? sav?

# As my Professor Specht had fore-seen, I entered the second year of studies at once, in the sixth division for piano and violin, the first elements of which I had learned since coming to Paris. I stayed in the class taught by gentle, vague and lovable Specht; for violin I had Pierre Adam, viola soloist at the Opera and viola of the Lamou-reux Quartet. He had known my uncle and developed an affection for me. As professor of solfège, and later of har-mony, I had Julien Héry, a rough-appearing Breton, organist at St. Louis-

des-Invalides, whom we had nicknamed "Crouton" from the epithet he lavished upon us at every mistake. At heart he was an excellent man, conscientious and honest, very much attached to his posi-tion, thoroughly versed in his profes-sion, a man whose worth was equaled only by his modesty. Our singing teacher was named Aubéry, a good technician and a good musician, who had been forced to leave the Opera be-cause of terrific stage-fright, which had caused him heart trouble. Our director was M. Pyras, former prefect under the Empire, in whose eyes I was an interesting little fellow, being the son of a Bonapartist. honest, very much attached to his posi-

interesting little fellow, being the son of a Bonapartist. Our censeur was Joseph Livitte, a very cultured and sensitive man, thor-oughly acquainted with the special question of education and instruction for the blind. He was particularly fitted for his position, which he filled with wisdom, honesty, intelligence and in-sight. He was an intimate friend of good Père Adam, my violin teacher, whom he addressed with the familiar "Tu." His death in 1884 was a cruel grief for the whole school, who adored whom he addressed with the familiar "Tu." His death in 1884 was a cruel grief for the whole school, who adored him. M. Pyras retired in 1884 and was replaced by fimile Martin, ex-prefect of Montauban, who began by disliking me as the son of a reactionary, but little by little softened in view of the protec-tion accorded me by Franck, and ended by becoming my friend—an enthusiastic friend, encouraging and devoted, and one who later on used to cite me as an example to the young people of the generations succeeding mine. It was also in 1884 that the present concert hall of the school was con-structed with its three-manual Cavaillé-Coll organ of thirty-six stops. An inaugural fete was prepared for Feb-ruary; it was for this ceremony that Franck composed his "Psalm 150," and for our orchestra, chorus and organ. The conductor of the orchestra was then Louis Lebel, organist at St. Etienne-du-Mont, professor of organ

The conductor of the orchestra was then Louis Lebel, organist at St. Etienne-du-Mont, professor of organ and composition in the school. To words written by our *censeur* he com-posed a cantata for the occasion in which there were angels (chorus and three boys' voices) and a description of the creation, with storm and a tom-tom obbligato. My high soprano got me in among the "angels," and I was chosen to give the nine tom-tom beats representing the separation of the earth and the waters. Such was my first contact with the public. Have I pre-served since then a taste for the tom-tom? tom?

tom? In October of that year, to my in-tense joy, I entered the orchestra as second violin. There I learned many things; none of the treatises that I have plowed through since that time has profited me as much as that living experience. It was also my first year of harmony, a decisive year in my musical training. As regards the scien-tific side of this subject, our teacher was an able man; although he used only the ancient treatise of Augustin Savard, he helped us with a host of practical suggestions, the fruit of his wide ex-perience as composer and organist. But on the artistic side he was rather suggestions, the fruit of his wide ex-perience as composer and organist. But on the artistic side he was rather limited, for he never ventured beyond the strict rule. After three years of this instruction we wrote correctly, to be sure, but without the flexibility and freedom which make of harmony an art. Later I had to work extremely hard to acquire a "pen" in the modern sense of the word, and especially to inspire my teaching with true musician-ship. ship.

It was another teacher at the school, It was another teacher at the school. Victor Paul, organist of the Lazarists in the Rue de Sèvres and choirmaster of our institution, who initiated me into this conception of harmony, and had me work out exercises much freer than those given by Héry. Since then I have gone deeply into that special question of "writing" music, and I have read practically all the pedagogi-cal treatises on the subject.

First Trip to Foreign Country The year 1885 saw my first trip into a foreign country. A congress for the amelioration of the condition of the blind being called at Amsterdam, the orchestra of our school was requested

to go and give three concerts there. I could hardly suspect then that this was the prelude to the terrible existence of "wandering Jew" which was to be my lot, or that from my twenty-second year to the present day I should be endlessly knocking about in every country in which the organ is played.

The Palace of Industry at Amster-dam possessed in those days a mag-nificent Cavaillé-Coll, upon which Adolphe Marty, then a student at the institution where he may faithing her Adolphe Marty, then a student at the institution, where he was finishing his term, carved himself out an enormous success in the course of the three per-formances for which we were engaged. Ten years later, in my turn, I was to give two famous recitals there.

In 1886 I competed for the first time In 1886 I competed for the first time before the outside jury, presided over by Franck. Like all my comrades, I had attended these sessions as a lis-tener since my first year of harmony. The low-pitched, slow and gentle voice of Cesar Franck gave me a sensation of physical pleasure from which was not excluded a certain mysterious awe. I could not help but realize in advance I could not help but realize in advance the terrific nervousness I should feel at my first appearance. However, I desired that moment feverishly. I was afraid that some accident might thrust itself in the way, and actually that was almost the case, but alas! in a form more cruel than any I could have foreseen.

#### + +

The preceding year the health of my poor father had declined seriously; after a brief improvement he succumbed June 6, 1886, to cancer of the stomach. I was in my sixteenth year. As a result of my terrible grief I suffered a nervous shock which prostrated me for several days just a month before the competishock which prostrated me for several days just a month before the competi-tion. The devotion of the nurse, a nun, pulled me out of it and helped me to make the necessary effort. I came off with two first prizes, one in violin, the other in piano. All the credit goes to that woman whose ardent religious faith was a real inspiration to me. She helped me to understand that this atro-cious ordeal had been sent to try my strength of will, and that I must meas-ure up to what was expected of me. After the competition Franck sent for me, talked to me of my uncle, of whom he had been very fond, of my aunt, who was then directing the ficole Monceau, where he himself taught music, and pointed out the example of Marty, who had just won the first prize in organ in his class at the Conservatoire, prom-ising to take me as his pupil as soon as I should be ready. From that moment my fate was irrevocably fixed. my fate was irrevocably fixed.

#### II.

Louis Lebel, our organ professor, was musical by instinct and admirably gifted to the point of genius, but he knew nothing of classical tradition. He had received the training of our school, and his nature had done the rest. He never suspected that the organ was the most mathematical of instruments, and as far as technique was concerned he was guided by his ears alone, which, like those of his contemporaries, were not especially fastidious in questions of execution. He had great facility in im-provisation, a taste not always quite pure, and a great love for his profes-

Curiously enough, of the Lemmens method he had us study only the "pedal school"; it was taken for granted that the students knew the part concerning the manuals. The error arose from the fact that, from the first year of harmony, we realized our basses and *canti firmi* on small harmoniums, which, combined with our piano study, was supposed to start us off. This was an unfortunate habit in all respects, not only for the future of our instruction as only for the future of our instruction as instrumentalists, but also for the prac-tice in writing, which, from this very fact, was dependent chiefly upon what our fingers could do. It was Franck who later made me develop the habit of writing without the aid of the key-board; it cost me a great effort! I recognized in a short time the super-iority of this procedure, which leaves the thought absolutely free and makes it possible to work where and when you please: In the meantime I was compelled to follow the general routine you please: In the meantime I was compelled to follow the general routine of the school and "get along" as best I might. I had a certain "facility" and was able fairly soon to make a bluff of being a "virtuoso." At the end of my first year of study I won a first

#### ESTHER E. IONES. A.A.G.O.

-7-



ESTHER E. JONES (MRS. ROBERT GEORGE BARROW) is a Washington organist whose attainments as a teacher and as a recitalist have won for her an enviable place among the woman or-ganists of America. She is a graduate of Smith College, magna cum laude, and her excellent scholastic record led to her election to the honorary scholarship fraternity Phi Beta Kappa. She also received her master of arts degree at Smith. Miss Jones then studied in Paris with Louis Vierne and at the School of English Church Music near London. Returning to the United States, she was appointed to a place on the faculty of the music department at her alma mater. At present she is head of ESTHER E. JONES (MRS. ROBERT EORGE BARROW) is a Washington alma mater. At present she is head of the music department at Mount Vernon the music department at Mount Verron Seminary and Junior College, Wash-ington, where she also directs the choir and plays weekly organ recitals. She holds the associate certificate of the American Guild of Organists.

Miss Jones was married on Aug. 11 to Robert George Barrow, distinguished organist and choirmaster of the Na-tional Cathedral in Washington.

prize in organ for a vague improvisa tion a deux reprises, as they called it at the school, and Bach's G major Fugue played very fast, without wrong notes, but with the legato and the fan-ciful articulation practiced in that halwrong lowed time when ignorance preserved us from any knowledge of danger.

The following year, like my com-rades, I took my turn at playing in chapel. I looked forward to that with chapel. I looked forward to that with youthful impatience, eager to manipu-late the beautiful three-manual Cavaillé-Coll, object of our just admiration. For registration we had to use the trial and error system; we would use that of our forerunners, experimenting a bit at times, which overjoyed the listeners and was a theme for criticism during the entire week. There I had my first the entire week. There I had my first contact with the profession of church organist, with which, however, I was already acquainted from listening to my fellow students in previous years. At the competition, which took place this time before the outside jury, I was awarded a first prize in organ and a first awarded a first prize in organ and a first in composition, with a Scherzo and Trio which I kept for a long time as an example of naive and enthusiastic awkwardness. Franck was extremely indulgent, gave me some judicious criti-cism, calculated to make me think, and authorized me to enter his organ class at the beginning of the next school year as an auditor. as an auditor.

From this time on my training took rrom this time on my training took two lines: I continued to work at the Institution Nationale as a first-year graduate, and I followed Franck's course three times a week with the per-mission of Director Martin, who had changed his attitude toward me com-pletely pletely.

pletely. At the beginning of October, 1889, our dear old Lebel died and Victor Paul carried on in the interim, until Adolphe Marty took charge—my fellow student who in 1886 had obtained a brilliant first prize in Franck's class, and had followed with great profit Ernest Guiraud's class in composition. Albert Mahaut, another comrade, a re-markable person, with a keen, culti-vated intelligence, exceptional gifts as a virtuoso and great facility in impro-

visation, went into Franck's class as a pupil. He was to win the prize, as did Marty, at his first competition, and shortly afterward was to become or-ganist at the big organ of St. Vincent-de-Paul, resigning almost at once to devote himself exclusively to the artis-tic and oblantbrook mission which he tic and philanthropic mission which he had been carrying on for forty-five years in behalf of his sightless fellows.

#### Study Under Adolphe Marty

I shall return later to my memories of the Conservatoire during the time preceding my admission as an actual student, wishing to finish first with my residence at the School for the Young Blind.

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Blind. Adolphe Marty, who had been out of the institution for four years, took over the organ and composition classes in March, 1890. He brought with him the reanimating breath of the outer world, opening to us undreamed-of horizons, especially in composition and improvisation, and passing on to us with all the enthusiasm of a young proselyte the ideas absorbed from his masters at the Conservatoire. We were with him heart and soul, and, consider-ing the general spirit of the school, we with him heart and soul, and, consider-ing the general spirit of the school, we seemed like radicals—I might almost say revolutionaries. Only one of the professors took us seriously—Victor Paul, that generous soul who had re-ceived from heaven the precious gift of "understanding" and of being able to change his mind, to adapt himself, when his instinct told him that such a course was reasonable. I pass in silence over the hostile or scornful reserve of the others; it is so human.

Our new master introduced instruction in counterpoint and fugue, begin-ning with the first division in organ, and caused it to be made obligatory. He broadened the course in improvisation and composition, so that we prof-ited greatly by his experience at the Conservatoire, which, although still re-cent, was none the less remarkable for the most penetrating observation and the keenest critical sense. He also brought us some music recently com-posed, and we found it very modern. We worked on it like mad—so much, "You are very kind; I am very touched; day but you must learn something else; I don't want you to play that at the com-petition. Play some Bach; he belongs to all time, and it is from him that you will learn your profession best." I comwill learn your profession best." I com-peted that year with the Fugue in D major and improvised a piece with two themes. Again I won first prize, with the compliments of the jury, and first in composition with an Allegro for piano quartet. After the ordeal Franck said to me: "It's still very youthful, it's Schumannesque, but cheer up! You have it in you!"

#### Franck on Strict Counterpoint

From October, 1889, to January, 890, I continued my dual school life. Paul had given the finishing touches to my education in harmony in private lessons begun in 1888. He had gone into that branch of knowledge deeply, and in his curiosity had freed himseli from the strict formulas of the classic writing which alone was permitted in the school. I myself took with great writing which alone was permitted in the school. I myself took with great difficulty to strict counterpoint; its dis-cipline withered all my enthusiasm; I had not the natural gift which had fallen to the lot of certain of my comrades. Marty contented himself with saying to me: "Grind away anyhow; never mind why for the present." Franck threw light on the situation with all the wisdom which characterized his incomparable teaching of composition: teaching of composition:

"Strict counterpoint is the syntax of "Strict counterpoint is the syntax or a dead language. Our modern sensi-bility can appreciate that language only by appealing to historical considera-tions outside of our present harmonic habits. Just as a writer worthy of the name cannot dispense with Greek and Latin culture, so a true composer must know everything about his art. The polyphony of the fifteenth and sixteenth carturise must be as familiar to him centuries must be as familiar to him as the accompanied monody which folas the accompanied monody which fol-lowed, as the symphony of Haydn, Mozart and Beethoven, as the lyric art from Lulli to Wagner, in fact, as all the contributions which have enriched the art of sound since its birth. Writing Latin verse would be an exercise of scholastic virtuosity, but to write

#### THE DIAPASON

French verse one must be able to per-form that exercise faultlessly. "Counterpoint is the arterial system of music; in order to be able to do free counterpoint well one must begin by undergoing the limitations of the strict, which oblige one to make the best use of a limited number of possibilities. He who can do the greatest things can do the least, and, once freed from rigid restrictions, one can choose one's pat-terns in complete independence. Just see what Bach has done. The licenses restrictions, one can choose one's pat-terns in complete independence. Just see what Bach has done. The licenses in his writing as far as the rules are concerned are countless, yet there is not one which is not logically justified by its perfection of line, by its vigor of style, by its inventiveness of expression. In order to arrive at this mastery Bach began by subjecting himself to the severest rules; after having practiced them victoriously, he strode deliberate-ly over them whenever they stood in ly over them whenever they stood in his way. But he acted consciously and his way. But he acted consciously and not because he could not do otherwise. Not to be able to do otherwise is the for-feit paid by the ignorant; those who know how, can and must choose. In-stinct furnishes the materials; that's all right! Then the brain arranges them, coordinates them imposes upon them right! Then the brain arranges them, coordinates them, imposes upon them the form which makes a work of art intelligible. A meaningless but beau-tiful-sounding series of words and im-ages cannot be called a work of art. Read Bach; Marty has given you very good advice; but for the time being do counterpoint incessantly, the way one practices his fourth finger at the piano to overcome its natural weakness." to overcome its natural weakness

#### His Tribute to Cesar Franck

His Tribute to Cesar Franck Of Franck I had made almost a re-ligion, combining passionate admira-tion, filial affection and profound re-spect. I experienced with intense joy, with which, however, there was also mingled a certain mysterious awe, the almost magnetic fascination which ema-nated from that man at the same time so simple, so natural, so truly good. It never even entered my head to argue with him to excuse my instinctive re-pugnance to mathematics. I simply blamed myself for intellectual laziness pugnance to mathematics. I simply blamed myself for intellectual laziness and, vigorously lashing my pride, I decided without further thought to decided without further thought to grind away at counterpoint and then at fugue. The future was to reveal to me quickly the justice of the *maître's* opinion; how many impossible dilemmas have I not successfully conquered by the application of his precepts! By experience and reflection I have learned that if the artist makes a legitimate effort to free himself from preconceived rules, often fallen into disuse, almost always lacking value in the sincere ex-pression of his ideas, it results in his creating for himself a personal rule infinitely more severe than any of those mas have I not successfully conquered infinitely more severe than any of those contained in the treatises. But, like Franck, I continue to believe that anarchy and independence are at opposite poles: anarchy rapidly becomes a system which holds one prisoner; indepen oles SVS dence will tolerate no single system; indeed, the independent artist requires a different one for each idea he wants to express.

They are both good for expressing tain ideas rightly. Displayed for "They are both good for expressing certain ideas rightly. Displayed for themselves, with no other aim than to astonish or amuse or perplex, they are both bad." asserted the composer of the "Beatitudes." Did he foresee the industrialism of today? I should not dare to say so; he was so pure and route naive.

In July of 1890 my ninth year at the institution (tenth of studies) came to an end with a competition which In July of 1890 my ninth year at the institution (tenth of studies) came to an end with a competition which brought me first prize in organ and also one in composition. For the latter I presented a classical fugue, still young in its realization, but which was fav-ored with an accessil. I had begun to study fugue in January, just one year after my first lesson in counterpoint. Franck, as president of the jury, gave months of practice it is very satisfac-tory. Work hard during the holidays and I will look at your work in Octo-ber. I want to find your writing less or owded, more flexible, with more air. I can count on that, can I not?" I re-plied the "yes, dear Maitre!" that one may imagine—a "yes" both troubled and aftirmative, which hid my disappoint-ment at this half-success and bespoke. [To be continued.]

#### Strict Counterpoint and Why It Should Be Subject of Study

#### By FRANK WRIGHT

By FRANK WRIGHT When one studies a subject, one naturally wishes to know why. The question as to the value of the study and practice of strict counterpoint has been so much a subject of controversy that a clear statement seems to be necessary. If a common-sense view is adopted, it will be seen that it is noth-ing more or less than the art of diatonic part-writing. It is most useful when applied to *canit fermi* in major or minor modes. modes

modes. While the subject seems to be ex-tremely simple (really elementary) the writing of musical strict counterpoint is by no means an easy task. It re-quires a ciear understanding of the reason for the rules, and a great deal of practice in observing them, before it is possible to make each and every part flow melodically. The harmonic basis is simple. It should be consid-ered as a framework upon which melo-dies are woven and combined.

dies are woven and combined. The rules, based on vocal limitations, The rules, based on vocal limitations, are few in number and easily memor-ized. They should be regarded as facts and not as arbitrary restrictions. If a digest is made of all the textbooks, it will be found that they all contain the same simple rules. Beyond these the whole study is befogged by per-sonal opinions, or by attempts to mod-ernize the subject so as to emancipate sonal opinions, or by attempts to mod-ernize the subject so as to emancipate it from some of its rigid features, or by basing rules on the practice of a particular period or composer. To avoid this confusion and differences of opinion, it is advisable to observe the simple rules.

It is obvious that the benefit derived from the study and practice of strict counterpoint lies in increasing facility in making the parts move smoothly. If such were not the result it would scarcely be worth while to expend the time and effort on what would seem to have no connection with music of the have no connection with music of the present day. The contention that there is no connection between strict coun-terpoint and music is founded on the belief that one is studying a dead lan-guage. This is not true when the *canti fermi* used are in major or minor keys. It may be true of modal counterpoint. The bistory, of counterpoint shows

guage. This is not true when the *canti fermi* used are in major or minor keys. It may be true of modal counterpoint. The history of counterpoint shows the evolution of scales from the old modes to our present system. The principal factors of the changes that took place were the desire for more definite tonality, the feeling of neces-sity for a leading note, and the conse-quent importance of the harmonic basis. The resort to accidentals to rid music of the tritone transformed many of the modes into major or minor scales. The constant use of B flat in the Dorian mode virtually changed it into D minor. This was confirmed by the use of C sharp in the penultimate chord of the cadence. According to the old purely modal system there was no leading note, or *Tierce de Picardie*, at the ca-dence. It was the demand for a lead-ing note and the increasing feeling for harmony that caused the decay of the old tonality and the modal system. To quote from Grove's Dictionary: "A good deal of richness in melodic beauty was sacrified \* \* \* No one will doubt that the gains in harmony more than compensated for the losses in melody. The modal system as handled and transformed by the pioneers of modern harmony is a matter of less in-terest, and though at certain points a halt seems to be called and a perma-nent interest stirred by the genius of Dunstable, or the great Flemings, or Palestrina and his contemporaries, yet from the point of view of harmony the modal system cannot be regarded as anything else but a slavery from which it was desirable that the polyphonic

as possible." This might be construed into a con-This might be construed into a con-demnation of the whole study of strict counterpoint, but if the study of mod-ern academic counterpoint is regarded as an elementary study of vocal part-writing, applied to modern scales, it will be seen that it is absolutely essen-tial. It is fundamental. This is the answer to the question as to the value of strict counterpoint

answer to the question as to the value of strict counterpoint. The study of medieval counterpoint is principally of historic interest. It seems to have little connection with the counterpoint of succeeding periods is principally of historic interest. If seems to have little connection with the counterpoint of succeeding periods. Music has always shown a process of development, caused by the evolution of the scales, by the expansion of the harmonic basis and by the use of dis-sonances. It has always been in a state of flux, and always will be. It would be most interesting to know what will develop in the future. At present there seems to be a revolt against what has been called "the tyranny of the leading note." To what it will lead is a matter of speculation. No matter what happens, the study of strict counterpoint will remain as ele-mentary practice in vocal part-writing. **New Courses at American Conservatory.** The School of Church and Choir

New Courses at American Conservatory. The School of Church and Choir Music of the American Conservatory, Chicago, is offering for the season 1938-1939 courses of study to meet the needs of organists and directors. The organ faculty includes Frank Van Dusen, Herbert E. Hyde, Edward Eigen-schenk, Emily Roberts and Kenneth Cutler. Mr. Van Dusen, director of the department, has arranged for four dis-tinctive courses—one, in general organ keyboard work, including ear training, score reading, transposition, modulation and the priaciples of improvisation, and three courses in church music: choir training and conducting, a practical course designed to meet all the needs of the choir director; liturgical music and hymnology; history of church music. These three courses are given by George L. Tenney and Emily Roberts. In addition to these courses Mr. Van Dusen and Mr. Eigenschenk will conduct a master class for the in-terpretation of standard organ litera-ture. The School of Church and Choir Music is working in conjunction with the Presbyterian College of Christian Music is working in conjunction with the Presbyterian College of Christian Education, Chicago, which affords pupils the opportunity of combining the study of church music with courses in religious education and church social work

#### English Radio Idol to Retire.

English Radio Idol to Retire. According to a special dispatch from London to the *Christian Science Monitor*, Reginald Foort, theater organist and said to be the most popular English radio performer, is to retire Nov. 1. He took first place in a recent B.B.C. pop-ularity questionnaire, when 55 per cent of the listeners who replied voted for "more Reginald Foort."

RECITALS

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#### school should work its escape as soon IMPETUS TO JUNIOR CHOIRS IN MAINE GIVEN BY MISS SACKETT

A normal school for junior choir directors was held in Portland at the parish-house of St. Luke's Cathedral the week of July 18 under the direction of Miss Edith. Elgar Sackett of New York. The school was sponsored by the Maine Chapter of the American Guild of Organists, the department of church music of the Maine Federation of Mu-sic Clubs, of which Mrs. Foster L. Haviland is chairman, and the Maine Council of Religious Education. It was due to the efforts of Mrs. Haviland that the school was organized, the first of its kind ever to be held in Maine. Twenty-one enrolled for the courses which were given every morning and

afternoon. A special course for the courses which were given every morning and afternoon. A special course for those unable to attend the regular sessions owing to other duties was held in the evening, making six and one-half hours of instruction. In this short time Miss Sackett out-lined the procedure of organization and

of instruction. In this short time Miss Sackett out-lined the procedure of organization and a system of awards for junior choirs and emphasized the necessity of having the music considered an integral part of each service. Besides giving members of the school a valuable list of suitable music appropriate for the work, Miss Sackett lectured on child psychology and voice training. The afternoon ses-sion was devoted to a demonstration of choir methods with a group from the junior department of the Chestnut Street Methodist Church and a dis-cussion period in which members tak-ing the course asked questions. A group of junior choir directors met for an intensive course with Miss Sackett at the Fort George Presbyte-rian Church in New York City from July 5 to 16. Miss Sackett conducted classes in child psychology, child voice, methods and the organization of a jun-ior choir and gave freely from her rich experience. Perhaps among the most helpful parts of the course were the demonstration rehearsals, in which Miss Sackett took a group of children, some with and some without previous train-ing, and worked up a final program with simplicity and worshipful beauty.

Bibliographies, lists of music and much material were made available for all taking the course.

## Lyon Plays at Carmel Festival.

John McDonald Lyon was organist for the fourth annual Carmel Bach fes-tival, held July 18 to 24 at Carmel, Cal. for the fourth annual Carmei Bach res-tival, held July 18 to 24 at Carmel, Cal. Mr. Lyon, who is organist and choir-master of St. James' Catholic Cathedral, Seattle, gave a Bach organ program July 20 at All Saints' Church in con-nection with a lecture by Alfred Frank-enstein and played these works: Toc-cata, Adagio and Fugue in C major; Andante from Fourth Trio-Sonata; Partita, "O Gott, Du frommer Gott"; Prelude and Fugue in G minor; Three Chorale Preludes from the "Orgelbüch-lein"; Fantasia and Fugue in C minor. July 22 he played another recital, in-cluding the following compositions: Prelude and Fugue in C major; Three Chorale Preludes; Prelude and Fugue in E minor; Fantasia in C minor; Fugue in B minor on a Theme of Corelli; Fantasia and Fugue in G mi-nor. The Carmel festival has attracted much attention and the performers nor. The Carmel festival has attracted much attention and the performers and speakers come from all parts of the West. Carmel is an artists' colony of 3,500 population.

#### Picnic of Harrison M. Wild Club.

The Harrison M. Wild Club held a picnic at the home of Florence N. Smart in Norwood Park, Chicago, July 11. Eighteen organists and friends sat 11. Eighteen organists and friends sat down to a generous supper spread on a table under overhanging fruit trees. Mrs. Smart's mother, Mrs. Norton, and Mr. and Mrs. Smart and their daughter, were the hosts. Interest was divided between the large garden and Ginger, the friendly terrier. The only unpopular guests were a few mos-ouitoes. quitoes.



## Organists' Choices Offer Suggestions for the New Season

By HAROLD W. THOMPSON. Ph.D., Litt.D. In looking over my correspondence for the last year I find enough sugges-tions from friends of THE DIAPASON to fill an entire issue. I am giving you a few of those which interested me, with emphasis upon works by American Among the organists and choirmas

Among the organists and choirmas-ters who make annual inventories and plans, none is ever more lucid in his reports than R. Buchanan Morton of the House of Hope Presbyterian Church in St. Paul, Minn. He has no less than seven choirs in the one church, though only his motet choir and his chancel choir sing every Sunday. His report for 1937-8 shows that he has not neglected the classics; there are, for example, ten oratorios and motets by Bach, including the "Christmas Ora-torio" and the "St. Matthew Passion," but you will be more interested in the list of works by Americans and Ca-nadians: nadians

adians: Burleigh—"Behold That Star." Carol. Clokey—"The Lord Is My Shepherd."

Coke-Jephcott—"The Day of Resurre on" and "When Wilt Thou Save t

Coke-Jephcott—"The Day of Resurrec-ion" and "When Wilt Thou Save the eople?" Dickinson—"List to the Lark." Gaul—"Three Men Trudging." Hadley—"Blessed Are the Undefiled." James—"O Blest Is He." Macfarlane—"Ho, Everyone." Macfarlane—"Ho, Everyone." Mackinnon—"Lord Christ Came Walk-g."

- ng." Macmillan—"Gentle Mary Laid Her bild." Fourteenth century melody, Matthews, H. A.—"Father, Once More." Noble—"Go to Dark Gethsemane" and o Wisdom."
- Noble—"Go to Dark Gethsemane" ar O Wisdom." Parker—"In Heavenly Love Abiding." Rhodes—"Love unto Thine Own."

It will be interesting to see which modern English composers are represented:

- Bairstow—"I Sat Down" and "The Promise That Was Made." Davies—"Five Sayings of Jesus" and "God Be in My Head." Dering—"Say, O Shepherds." Harris, W. H.—"Eternal Ruler" and "O What Their Joy." Holst—"Christmas Day," "Gird on Thy Sword" and "Psalm 86." Ireland—"Greater Love." Lang—"Remember Thou, O Man." Rowley—"Praise to the Master." Shaw, G.—"Worship." Shaw, M.—"Everything Changes" and "With a Voice of Singing." Thiman—"Let All the World."

- -

Here are the numbers by Americans and Canadians used by Seth Bingham at the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York, those used for the first time being marked with an asterisk: asterisk:

Parker—"The Lord Is My Light."\* Coke-Jephcott—"O Lord That Casts Our

Williams—"Darest Thou Now."

- Ceat."\*
  Yilliams—"Darest Thou Now."
  Parker—"Hora Novissima."
  Hough—"Magnificat."
  Abbott—"Jesus, Rest Your Head."\*
  Clokey—"Out of the East."\*
  Danlels—"Christmas in the Wood."\*
  Friedell—"Lute Book Luilaby."\*
  Candlyn—"Masters in This Hall."
  Dickinson—"O Have Ye Heard."
  Margetson—"Darkening Night."\*
  Coke-Jephcott—"Come, Holy Spirit."\*
  Whiting—"He Stooped to Eless."
  Willam—"Magnificat."
  Candlyn—"He Stooped to Eless."
  Willam—"Forever with the Lord."
  Clokey "C h r is t Conquereth."\* and
  Adoramus Te" (cantata).
  Floyd—"At Thy Table, Lord."
  Gaul—"Christ of the Fields."\*
  With his mixed chorus of sixty

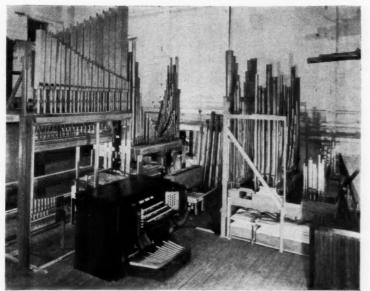
With his mixed chorus of sixty voices Mr. Bingham used twenty-three numbers: he selected the following from modern English composers: Bairstow-"The King of Love." Thimam-"Of the Father's Love."\* Holst-"Turn Back, O Man."

#### ..

In Worcester, Mass., Wesley Meth-odist Church, made famous musically by Arthur Leslie Jacobs, is now served by Donald C. Gilley, who has six choirs or combinations of choirs. With his adult choir he used the following Amer-ican numbers: can numbers:

-"Go to Dark Gethsemane. on-"Show Me Thy Way." Noble Thompson

\_9\_ ORCAN FOR VIRGINIA CHURCH IN PILCHER ERECTING-ROOM



ton. Tex

S. C

and

Town.

organ. First Baptist, Litchfield, Ky., me-

morial organ. St. Paul's Episcopal, Franklin, Tenn. (suburb of Nashville). Forest Park Cemetery Chapel, Hous-

Shandon Baptist Church, Columbia,

The last-named will be installed in the late fall, when the new church is completed. Another contract just received is for

the modernization and enlargement of

the present Pilcher organ in the Pres byterian Church at Pulaski, Tenn.

Bingham—"Intercession." DeLamarter—"Carillon." Grace—Revery on Tune "University" ind "In-Voluntary." Howells—Rhapsodie, Op. 17, No. 2. Ireland—"Alla Marcía" and "Sursum Orda" and "Holy Roy." James—"Meditation à Ste. Clotilde." Parry—Two Chorale Preludes. Sowerby—"Requiescat in Pace." Wood, C.—Chorale Prelude on "York Fown."

Town." Wood, D. D.—Chorale Prelude on "Je-hovah, Great God" and also Fantasie, played by the assistant organist, Marion R. Mottershead.

At the First Baptist Church of Los

A THREE-MANUAL ORGAN for the First First Methodist, Bloomington, Ind., Presbyterian Church of Staunton, Va., three-manual. Methodist Church, Brentwood, Tenn. (suburb of Nashville), a memorial

is shown in this picture as it stood in the erecting-room of the factory of Henry Pilcher's Sons at Louisville in August. The instrument is now being August. The instrument is now being installed in the historic church, in whose edifice the late President Woodrow Wilson worshiped at one time. The organ will be opened Sept. 18, accord-ing to present plans, and William E. Pilcher, Jr., the Louisville organist, has been invited to play the opening re-cital. The picture shows only the great, a part of the choir and the pedal division; the swell pipes were behind the photographer. Other new orders which are keeping the Pilcher forces occupied are for organs for the following churches:

With the chapel choir of high school 22

- age: Christiansen—"Built on a Rock." Lutkin—"Into the Woods." Luvaas—"Prepare the Way." Christiansen—"Beautiful Saviour" (with adult choir).
- \* With a choir of junior high school girls:
- Thompson—"Spring Bursts Today, Holler—"Jesus Meek and Gentle."
  - With children's choir (boys and girls);
  - Holler—"There's a Friend." Holler—"Lead Us, Heavenly Father."

With all choirs together he used Dr Whitehead's anthem on a Handelian theme, "Holy Art Thou." I have given the foregoing lists partly because they are different from

the average run.

the average run. Sometimes organists send me in ad-vance lists of anthems that they pro-pose to do. For example, last autumn O. Ray Greene of St. George's Church in Newburgh, N. Y., sent me a plan which included the following: Protheroe—"Laudamus." Noble—"O Wisdom," "Souls of the Righteous" and "Fierce Was the Wild Billow."

Billow." Curry—"Arise in Us." Mueller—"When Wilt Theu Save" and "Lift High the Triumph."

I suppose that you may like to know about the organ numbers. Mr. Gilley used the following by modern com-posers of the United States, Canada and Britain:

PRELUDES:

- RELUDES: Andrews—"Con Grazia." Bairstow—"Evening Song." Borowski—First Sonata (Allegro). McAmis—"Prenans." Thompson—"Elegy to an American Sol-dier." Noble—"Prelude Solonelle." Hollins—Prelude in E and "Spring Song."
- Song." OFFERTORIES: Andrews—"Sunshine and Shadow." Smith—"Introspection." POSTLUDE: Borowski—Finale, First Son dr. AT RECITALS: Cole—"A Song of Gratitude." McKinley—Cantilena.

Mr. Morton used the following—in addition to the very handsome repre-sentation of organ classics, of course: Barnes—Offertoire,

THE DIAPASON

Sabbath" (S. S. Wesley). March-Theme: "The Cross." Hymn: "Crown Him" (Elvey). April - Th e m e: "The Resurrection." Hymn: "For All the Saints" (Barnby). May-Theme: "The Worship of God in Nature." Hymn: "Joyful, Joyful We Adore Thee" (Beethoven). June-Theme: "Children." Hymn: "With Happy Voices" (Tours). July-Theme: "Love of, Country." Hymn: "God of Our Fathers" (Warren). August-Theme: "Invitation and Con-secration." Hymn: "O Jesus, Thou Art Standing" (Knecht and Husband). September-Theme: "Christian Serv-ice." Hymn: "Where Cross the Crowded Ways of Life" (Beethoven). October - Theme: "The S ab b at h." Hymn: "When Morning Gids the Skies" (Barnby). November - Theme: "Thankseiving"

October Hymn: "When Morning C. (Barnby). November — Theme: "Thanksgiving." Hymn: "For the Beauty of the Earth" (Kocher). December—Theme: "The Coming of the "Hail to the Lord's

Cocher). December—11. ing." Hymn: "H ad" (Webb). une th King." H

It seems to me that this same admir-able scheme of studying one hymn a month could be used to introduce one month could be used to introduce one fine new hymn a month instead of dwelling upon those already rather familiar. Some of these hymns were used in a hymn festival at Mr. Stew-art's church in March, with fourteen choirs and an attendance of 2.100—all you could crowd into the church; which shows that the old hymns do attract.

Anyone who thinks he has done a lot of music during the last season will do well to look over the programs of Dr. Clarence Dickinson of New York. For example, though the Brick Church was example, though the Brick Church was in a turmoil of moving, he performed in Lent not fewer than five oratorios: Verdi's "Requiem," Mendelssohn's "St. Paul." Parker's "Hora Novissima," Coleridge-Taylor's "The Atonement" and Bach's "St. Matthew Passion." As my expressive daughter would say, "Wooh-wooh."

#### HENRY STERLING, CINCINNATI VETERAN, DIES AT AGE OF 89

Henry L. Sterling, 89 years old, one of the oldest Cincinnati organists, died Aug. 5 at his home in the suburb of Clifton, where he and his wife had lived for more than four decades. He had been ill for several weeks. Mr. Sterling retired more than twenty-five years ago after having served the Standard Oil Company as purchasing agent for thirty years. In Henry L. Sterling, 89 years old, one

purchasing agent for thirty years. In early life he taught at Clifton public school, where his father, Samuel Gano school, where his father, Samuel Gano Sterling, also was an instructor. The sixtieth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Sterling was celebrated in June, 1937. The couple had been mar-ried in the old Third Presbyterian Church, where they met when he was organist and she was sografio soloist. In later life he was organist of Calvary Episcopal Church, Clifton avenue. Despite his advanced age Mr. Ster-ling was active as secretary of the Clifton Savings and Building Com-pany, an office which he had held for twenty-two years. Besides his widow, Mr. Sterling leaves five daughters, Mrs. Edward L. Winslow, Jr. Harrisburg, Pa.; Mrs. Edwin F. Pierle, Mrs. John Findlay. Miss Winifred Sterling and Mrs. Har-od L. Maish, who is organist at the Clifton Presbyterian Church.

At the First Baptist Church of Los Angeles the very resourceful Alexander Stewart has been making attempts to increase the enjoyment of hymns. A special leaflet for the congregation was entitled "Hymns for the Year 1938." There were admirable suggestions for the study of hymns, and then one hymn was assigned to each month, with in-formation regarding its author and composer. Here is the list: January—Theme: "The Forward March of the Church." Hymn: "Lead On, O King Eternal" (Smart). February—Theme: "The Spirit of Wor-ship." Hymn: "The Dawn of God's Dear

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#### THREE-MANUAL FOR **RESIDENCE IN IOWA**

KILGEN TO INSTALL ORGAN

Instrument on Floor Above Music-Room, Speaking through Ceiling, for Home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Niemeyer at Ottumwa.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Niemeyer of Ottumwa, Iowa, have placed an order with George Kilgen & Son of St. Louis for a three-manual organ for their resi-dence. The organ will be placed in specially prepared chambers on the floor above the music-room, speaking down through ceiling tone openings into the living-room. The console will be of the stopkey type and will be placed on the first floor. Installation is planned for early fall. This is to be the second three-manual residence organ installed by Kilgen & Son in Ottumwa, as not long ago they delivered an organ to the residence of Mr, and Mrs. Harold Simmons.

Simmons. The specifications of the organ follow: GREAT ORGAN.

GREAT ORGAN. (Enclosed in Chamber.) Open Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Melodia, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Duckiana, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Octave (ext. of Choir Violin Diapason),

4 ft., 12 pipes. Flute (Melodia ext.), 4 ft., 12 pipes. Chimes (Deagan Class A), 20 tubes. Harp, 49 notes.

Harp, 49 notes.
SWELL ORGAN.
Bourdon, Tenor C (from Gedeckt), 16
t., 61 notes.
Gedeckt, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Salicional, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Voix Celeste, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Flute d'Amour (Gedeckt ext.), 4 ft., 12 pipes.

f

pipes. Flautino (from Flute d'Amour), 2 ft., 61

# Unda Maris, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Flute (from Great), 4 ft., 73 notes. Clarinet, 8 ft., 73 pipes. PEDAL ORGAN.

Bourdon, 16 ft., 22 pipes. Lieblich Gedeckt, (Swell Gedeckt ext.),

16 ft., 12 pipes. Bass Flute (Bourdon ext.), 8 ft., 12

pipes. Cello (from Swell Salicional), 8 ft., 32

Gedeckt (from Swell), 8 ft., 32 notes. Chimes (from Great), 20 notes.

A two horsepower Orgoblo will pro-vide the wind.

#### MARCHAL AND HEITMAN TO BE AT UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

Andre Marchal, the French organist who is coming to America for a fall recital tour, is to play at the University of Chicago Rockefeller Chapel in the Tuesday evening recital series on Oct. 25. Announcement of this special treat for Chicago people who take advantage of opportunities to hear famous organ-ists is made by Mack Evans, in charge of music at the chapel. It is announced also that Fritz Heit-man, organist of the Berlin Dom, is to play at Rockefeller Chapel April 11, 1939. This will be the first American appearance of the German organist. M. Marchal was on a visit to the United States a few years ago and made an extensive tour. Andre Marchal, the French organist

Scholarship Under Power Biggs. The Longy School of Music, Cam-bridge, Mass., announces a scholarship in organ under E. Power Biggs for the season of 1938-39. This scholar-ship will be awarded to the winner of a competition which will be held Sept. 26. Hour and place are to be announced. Students and organists who have not yet attained their twenty-sixth birthday are eligible to compete, except those yet attained their twenty-sixth birthday are eligible to compete, except those who have studied with Mr. Biggs dur-ing the last two years. The competition will consist of the playing of works by Bach, the playing of a contrasted work to be chosen by the candidate, sight reading and simple improvisation. George Faulkner is dean of the Longy School, 1 Follen street, Cambridge.

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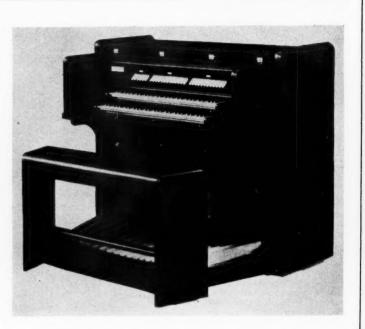
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# ESTEY ORGAN CORPORATION

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BENJAMIN LAUGHTON



TEN YEARS OF SERVICE as organist and choirmaster were rounded out by Ben-jamin Laughton Aug. 7 at the Episco-pal Church of the Epiphany, Detroit, Mich. A conception of the regard in which Mr. Laughton has been held is afforded by the following quoted from a tribute paid to him in the church paper in announcing the anniversary: "During these years he has given faith-ful and efficient service. Our choir com-pares favorably with that of any or-dinary parish church and, thanks to its leadership in the worship of the church under Mr. Laughton's able direction, our services are of an inspiring and congregational character. Mr. Laugh-ton's excellent work on the organ has been frequently commented on by visi-tors to the church. We extend to him our congratulations and best wishes for the future." TEN YEARS OF SERVICE as organist and the future.

Benjamin Laughton was born Messingham, Lincolnshire, England, Jan. 1, 1905. At 8 years of age he sang in the choir of the parish church of his native village. He received his first piano lessons at 12, from Miss A. S. Matthews, and organ lessons from the same teacher at 15. He was organist of the parish church at 16 and remained there for two years. During that time he thought he would like to be a motor mechanic; so he worked in a garage for two years, but left in 1923 to come to America with his parents. On arriving here Mr. Laughton gave

-11-

two years, but left in 1923 to come to America with his parents. On arriving here Mr. Laughton gave up the thought of motor engineering and began to work with his father, who is a mason contractor. Music study was resumed under Dr. Alle D. Zuidema, organist of the Jefferson Avenue Pres-byterian Church. Detroit, taking organ, piano and theory. In 1923 he directed a junior choir at St. Philip and Stephens Episcopal Church and had the use of the organ as remuneration. His first position as organist and director in America came to him in 1926 at Em-manuel Methodist Church, where he served two years, going to his present position at Epiphany in 1928. By this time music had taken up the most of his time and mason work was aban-doned. He was graduated from the De-troit Institute of Musical Art in 1929, majoring in organ, and studied piano the same year with the late Mrs. Georgia Baskerville.

Georgia Baskerville. Mr. Laughton directs two choirs, a junior and a mixed choir, each of about thirty voices. He has served at Epi-phany under three rectors. For the last two years he has been president of the Episcopal adult choir festival of Greater Detroit. He became a member of the A. G. O. in 1934 and has missed only two meetings of his chapter. He was the official delegate of the Michigan Chapter to the regional convention at Oberlin, Ohio, June 21 and 22. Mr. Laughton married Miss Elinor M. Moergeli Oct. 9, 1928.

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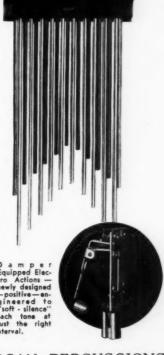
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Items for publication should reach the office of publication not later than the 20th of the month to assure insertion in the issue for the following month.

CHICAGO, SEPTEMBER 1, 1938

MEMOIRS OF LOUIS VIERNE

Beginning with this issue THE DIAPAson is privileged to present to its readers a series of articles of much more than ordinary interest to every organist. The "Memoirs" of the late Louis Vierne have been translated for us from the French by Miss Esther E. Jones, a scholarly and capable American organ-ist who was a pupil of Vierne and whose purpose in undertaking the task was partly that of paying a tribute to her teacher and making organists on this side of the ocean better acquainted with the life of the great French or-ganist. The DIAPASON acknowledges its indebtedness not only to Miss Jones but to Count de Miramon FitzJames and Les Amis de l'Orgue, the French or-ganization of which he is the head, for permission to publish the "Memoirs" in the United States. They have appeared in the original French in the Bulletin des Amis de l'Orque and are to be reprinted in book form late this fall.

The first installment tells of the early life and trials of Vierne and presents picture of the manner in which the young virtuoso overcame obstacles and adversity. The story of his youth reads very much like that of so many great musicians on whom were bestowed rich talents, and at the same time economic and physical misfortunes that made their paths hard. The story continues with most interesting recollections of Cesar Franck and his principles of teaching, and the blow suffered by the young student when the master died, followed by a fascinating study of Widor from the day he assumed Franck's class at the Conservatoire. Franck's views on strict counterpoint are most illuminating and Vierne himself speaks from a rich experience on freedom in composition. There are sidelights on the "politics" of the early days and many famous names are mentioned in the various reminiscences.

Vierne was a link between Franck and the French masters of today. The "Memoirs" were written not long be-fore his death June 2, 1937, when he fell from the organ bench at Notre Dame in Paris as he was playing a pro-gram of his own compositions. This gram was less than three months after the death of Widor. No organist will wish to miss the in-

teresting and valuable comments of one of the great stars in the French organ firmament, whose influence has been felt throughout America.

#### \_\_\_\_\_ HERODOTUS A LA 1938

An Englishman who confesses eight recital tours in America has returned home for the summer to spend what America has contributed to encourage his art. After the manner of many others, he does not shun publicity, and the reporters on the other side, like those in the United States, go out to

interview him, well knowing what interests their readers. It might be said at this point that the Englishman's recitals were imported wholesale, for it is set down by the newspaper man that "this jovial, round-faced Londoner has just complet-ed 2,800 recitals," "and recently he played in a different town every night for six weeks in Texas." Which is not so bad, whether you compute the profit at \$200 per recital or at \$2.50. Nor is his story broadcast in a niggardly way, for the London penny paper which prints it modestly states in its ban-ner that it has "the largest evening net sale in the world."

Well, what sort of attractive picture does our ubiquitous recitalist give the folks back home of the strange country in which he finds the returns satisfactory enough to induce his frequent return? First we are told about city in Pennsylvania in which the organ on which the recital was sched-uled had too many notes that did not sound, whereupon the audience followed the performer to another church. "To his horror" he discovered that the or-gan in the second church "was choked." So the 600 faithful ones hiked to a third church, following their leader, the while clutching in their hands the coins they intended to deposit in the collection plates as tokens of their appreciation of the music. The visitor managed to give his recital at this third church, showing that such stories have a way of we interrupt ending happily. May say that in some countries it might not have been so easy to find one organ in three that measured up to the artist's demands.

In an Illinois town "he arrived ten minutes before he was due to start to find the place packed and the tremulant, the mechanical device for putting a wave into the tone, had gone wrong. Nothing loath, Mr. ----- told the resident organist to play the opening hymn while he tried to adjust it. This in-volved a precipitous climb on a table, chair, and then the back of a chair in full view of the congregation. Temerity full view of the congregation. preceded a fall. He over-balanced sud-denly and fell, tearing his trousers as he went."

An incident worth perhaps as much in audience appeal as the set program. There is, of course, a moral in this for all of us. A recitalist should allow himself more than ten minutes' practice on a strange organ before giving a performance, for you never can tell when the indispensable tremolo may display mulish characteristics.

No permanent harm evidently was done, however, and our English friend have had his trousers mended or, must mayhap, purchased a new pair out of his earnings, for his interviewer assures us that "he returns to New York in September for yet another tour." Let's get busy and have all our organs put in good condition-especially the trem-olos-so that America need not blush for shame over what may be printed about us in the London papers.

#### PIPES AS HOMES FOR SNAKES

When our organists begin to see snakes-right in church, during the progress of the service-and when these reptiles issue from organ pipes, it is time to take notice. Such things are indeed strange, unless perchance the organist has fortified himself against the rigors of Sunday by injudicious con-duct in the late hours of Saturday. An Associated Press report published throughout the United States tells of an incident at Middletown Springs, near Rutland, Vt., where a service in the Community Church was broken up by the appearance of the snake. Says the Associated Press correspondent: three-foot spotted adder that crawled out of an organ pipe and slid across the woman organist's feet led the Rev. Allen G. Skiff to pronounce the benedic-tion quickly and go to her aid."

Several of our vigilant readers have

sent us clippings of the Vermont story and one of them adds the comment that 'if snakes crawling out of organ pipes would make some organists promise never again to do some things I'd gladly head a committee for the placing of bigger and better snakes in the organ pipes of certain churches.

But perhaps the whole thing is a novel publicity stunt by the makers of electronics in an endeavor to prove that their instruments, lacking pipes, have a distinct advantage in that they guaran-tee congregations against invasions by spotted adders.

#### THE FREE LANCE ABROAD

Dr. Hamilton C. Macdougall, whose Free Lance column has been for many a refreshing monthly feature years THE DIAPASON, is writing his contribu-tions from the other side of the sea. He He and Mrs. Macdougall landed in England July 15 and at last accounts had enjoying their stay in burgh and other Scottish cities. His September *Free Lance* is sent from Kes-wick, England, and Dr. Macdougall planned to leave that beautiful place Aug. enjoying their stay in Glasgow, Edin-burgh and other Scottish cities. His ford, the Three Choirs resures. Three Choirs Festival and London. Wherever he goes he meets leaders in the British organ world and obtains interesting sidelights for the benefit of our readers. Note, for example, the paragraph this month on the serv-ice playing of Alfred Hollins.

## Letters from Our Readers

Approves Makeup and Material. Cleveland, Ohio, July 7, 1938.—My dear Mr. Gruenstein: \* \* \* Other publications come to me as a matter of course, but I anticipate THE DIAPASON, and it never misses. Your magazine deserves close reading from first to last. Hearty congratulations on the constant high standard in makeup and material.

Sincerely yours, HENRY F. ANDERSON.

#### Enjoys Dr. Macdougall's Humor.

Enjoys Dr. Macdougall's Humor. Wollaston, Mass., July 17, 1938.— Editor of THE DIAPASON: In these days \* \* a little humor helps to lighten the way considerably. Perhaps that's one reason why I like Dr. Macdougall's column so well (the Free Lance), for he frequently tinges it with clever dry wit. Incidentally the visit of TH:: DIAPASON is one of the bright spots of the month for me. \* \* \* Yours truly, EDWARD B. WHITTREDGE.

EDWARD B. WHITTREDGE.

#### Excellent Purveyor of News."

"Excellent Purveyor of News." Milwaukee, Wis., June 13, 1938.—My heartiest good wishes to THE DIAPASON as a most excellent purveyor of the news of the organ world. Very truly yours. FRANK J. SCHULTZ, Organist, Concordia Seminary, Spring-field, 111.

Keeps Him in Close Touch. Longwood Towers, Brookline, Mass., March 11, 1938.—Dear Mr. Gruenstein: \* \* \* Even though I am not active as an organist I feel that THE DIAPASON keeps me in close touch with the organ world and I look forward eagerly to its arrival each month. Very sincerely yours, WALTER E. YOUNG.

#### Rector and Organist at Keyboards.

Rector and Organist at Keyboards. Musical Opinion reports that city workers have given enthusiastic sup-port to a series of recitals at St. Clem-ent's, Eastcheap, London, at which the rector, the Rev. W. E. Lees, has played the solo part in a number of piano con-certos with his organist, Leonard Fos-ter, giving a transcription of the orches-tral parts on the organ. On the two occasions on which a visit was paid to the church the available seating accom-modation was almost wholly occupied. On the first occasion the concerto was Tschaikowsky's in B flat minor, and on the second, Rachmaninoff's No. 2 in C minor, both of which afforded scope for the technique of the soloist and for colorful registration on the part of the organist. organist.

#### That Distant Past as It Is Recorded in The Diapason Files

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO, ACCORDING to the issue of Sept. 1, 1913

to the issue of Sept. 1, 1913— The specification of the large Austin outdoor organ for Balboa Park at San Diego, Cal., was published. This in-strument was presided over until his death by Dr. Humphrey J. Stewart and was the gift to San Diego of John D. Spreckels. It has attracted worldwide attention.

attention. The National Association of Organ-

Spreckels. It has attracted worldwide attention. The National Association of Orgau-ists held a successful convention at Ocean Grove, N. J., the first week of August under the presidency of Dr. J. Christopher Marks. G. Darlington Richards, for several years associate organist of St. Thomas' Church, New York, was appointed or-ganist and choirmaster of St. James Church, New York, was appointed or-ganist and choirmaster of St. James Church, effective Sept. 1, succeding Dr. Walter Henry Hall, who resigned to take a place on the faculty of Co-lumbia University. The question of "dead" combinations. stirred up by the console standardiza-tion committee of the A. G. O. and by criticisms of the committee's recom-mendation of combination pistons which do not move the stops, provoked a de-bate which filled a page of the issue of THE DIAPASON, those taking part being J. Warren Andrews, chairman of the Guild committee; Albert F. McCarrell, organist and director at the Second Presbyterian Church, Chicago, and Philipp Wirsching, the organ builder. All of these men have passed away since that time. Andrew D. White, president emeritus of Cornell University, placed the con-tract for a large organ for Bailey Hall at the university in Ithaca, N. Y., with the J. W. Steere & Son Company of Springfield, Mass. TEN YEARS AGO, ACCORDING TO THE issue of Sept. 1, 1928—

Springneid, Mass. TEN YEARS AGO, ACCORDING TO THE issue of Sept. 1, 1928— News stories of large new organs of the month included the following items: The famous Moody Church in Chicago awarded to the Reuter Organ Company the contract for a for monual with awarded to the Reuter Organ Company the contract for a four-manual with echo, the specification of which was presented. The Bartola Musical In-strument Company was commissioned to build a six-manual unit organ for the huge Chicago Stadium. Henry Pilch-er's Sons were awarded the contract for a four-manual of eighty sets of pipes for the Louisville War Memorial Auditorium. The Skinner Organ Com-pany was building a new nave organ to supplement the four-manual Skinner in the chancel of Grace Church, New York City, and was to install a new console. the chancel of Grace Church, New York City, and was to install a new console. The Austin Organ Company won the contract for a four-manual for the new edifice of the Second Presbyterian Church in New York, of which T. Scott Buhrman was the organist. George Kilgen & Son were building a four-manual which was to be the largest organ in Mississippi for Holy Trinity Episcopal Church at Vicksburg. The First Presbyterian Church of Freeport. Ill., ordered a four-manual Austin. A First Presbyterian Church of Freeport. Ill., ordered a four-manual Austin. An Austin four-manual was ordered by the First Baptist Church of Shaker Heights. Cleveland, Ohio. Central College, Fay-ette, Mo., placed the contract for a four-manual of 3,240 pipes with the Wicks Organ Company. Garnavillo, Iowa, a town of 340 popu-lation, which never had a railroad, won distinction by purchasing a three-manual organ which was installed by the Wicks Company in St. Paul's Luth-eran Church.

manual organ which was installed by the Wicks Company in St. Paul's Luth-eran Church. Harrison M. Wild, noted Chicago organist and teacher, retired from his post as conductor of the Apollo Musi-cal Club after directing that organiza-tion for thirty years. **Mother of Grace Halverson Dies.** Miss Grace Halverson, A.A.G.O., the Detroit organist and dean of the Mich-igan Chapter of the Guild, has suffered bereavement in the death of her mother, Mrs. Agnes Halverson, who passed away at the home of her daughters July 28. Burial was in Chicago. Mrs. Hal-verson, who died several years ago, and who was in the drug business in Chi-cago, which city was the family home. Mrs. Halverson is survived by two daughters. daughters.

#### The Free Lance

#### By HAMILTON C. MACDOUGALL, Mus. D. (Brown University), A. G. O., A. R. C. O., Professor Emeritus, Wellesley College

Wellesley College St. George's, West End, Edinburgh, is the scene of Dr. Alfred Hollins' Sun-day playing. At the Princes' Street rail-way station a briskly polite "cop" di-trected us to the church, and we found the service already begun. A friendly gentleman directed us to the entrance marked "Visitors." Hollins, a small, quiet little man with a doctor's gown, was on the organ bench, drawing his prelude to a soft, sensitively-felt *piano* close; as we sat down quietly we felt we were "at church." St. George's must seat a thousand or cleven hundred people; it is not cruci-form, but is a dignified auditorium of the nonconformist pattern, with a high pulpit, organ pipes quietly displayed at number, sits in two rows of pews m front of the pulpit and the organ con-sole is behind the choir. The minister announces the anthem, the choir rises, turns around and faces the congrega-tion. Hollins conducted with his left arm,

Hollins conducted with his left arm, Hollins conducted with his left arm, gesturing sparingly, and only at changes of tempo. He sits quietly while he plays. In the psalms and hymns he follows the words, fitting to them a registration and power that make their meaning and coloring expressive. In the hymns he begins the playing-over with a pedal note, not using the antici-patory pedal notes again. Between stanzas there is a distinct pause, just long enough to prepare for the next stanza and take a breath. I would not give the impression that Hollins exag-gerates the expression, but I do wish to emphasize the care taken to note what the meaning of the words is, and what can be done to deepen their mes-sage. After the benediction Hollins used the final hymn-tune for a time, treating it as a sort of prelude to one of the well-known Bach fugues. At the offertory he played his own arrangeof the well-known Bach fugues. At the offertory he played his own arrange-ment of the Melody in B major (Pade-rewski); it makes a good organ piece. There is no doubt in my mind ("no

rewski); it makes a good organ piece. There is no doubt in my mind ("no possible probable shadow of doubt, no possible doubt whatever") about there being a lot of Tories sitting on organ benches Sunday in the "land of the free and the home of the brave." They think more of the academic value of their preludes and postludes, of their anthems, than of the value of the music as devotion-stirring; they are musical tories. "It is very evident their in-tentions are well meant." but I say "drat 'em"! Aye, I do. It is not easy to write of Nicolas Sonimsky's "Music Since 1900" (W. W. Norton & Co., Inc., New York) without overstressing its brilliancy, its importance for our time, and its real value. However, book-reviewing is not my business. Although I am by no means an admirer of Darius Milhaud's music, I believe that he shows sound sense in his preface to the printed score of "Apropos de Bottes." a musical story Slonimsky on page 351. "The taste for music must be encouraged so that this home. \* \* Mechanical music that has pentrated everywhere does not give a pleasure similar to that felt by amateurs who like to play all by themselves. It is necessary that these amateurs, with-out relinquishing the masterpieces of the past, enter into contact with con-temporary music. It is incumbent on composers to write all kinds of music or amateurs as well as for children and conditioners and the personality of the composer."

The Royal College of Organists is known to most of us who read THE DIAPASON as the oldest of the British professional musical societies. Another well-organized society taking care of all musicians, no matter what their specialty may be, is the Incorporated Society of Musicians. Within a few months I have become aware of an-other large society of Organists, The Incorporated Society of Organists; there are fifty local affiliated associa-

tions and more than 4,000 members. The balance sheet shows investments at market value of \$13,635. The I.S.O. had its annual meeting last month in Liverpool Liverpool.

had its annual meeting last month in Liverpool. The Vassar College chapel programs for 1937-38 form a book of over 150 pages. The programs are rich, in an-notations, most of them written by Professor E. Harold Geer, organist and choirmaster, to whom application for their use should be made. Directors of church music who are aware of the modernistic movements in music or who are somewhat at a loss to choose music outside of the good old Victorian composers, Barnby, Stainer, Garrett, Sullivan, et al., will find in this volume of Professor Geer's a wide selection of modern French, German and English organ music, and choir numbers from old French and German sources. I an very glad to see that Foote, Chadwick and Horatio Parker are remembered. *Musical Times* (July) has a provoca-tive note about the word "Contempo-rary," with a capital C (cleverly and art-fully used by our "modern" friends to describe both the good new music and the experimental stuff of the moment). "This music," *M. T.* says, "is in quan-tity hardly more than microscopic in consparison with the mass of work that is also contemporary, but with a small c."

'c." Last month I was happy in visiting Purcell J. Mansfield, only son of my old friend, Dr. Orlando Mansfield, now dead. Purcell is a fine musician and recitalist. I had the satisfaction of hear-ing him play a Church of Scotland service in the Pollockshield's Church, where he has a fine Harrison organ. I have sometimes as a Free Lancer bor-rowed trouble by wondering whether, these bonny young recitalists can carry on a service so as to make the music sound like worship. Purcell can do that thing. Yes, he can. I have never heard the hymns accompanied so beautifully except by Alfred Hollins. Just now let me repeat the story told by that clever musician H. D. Sleeper. He was teaching a pupil to play hymn-tunes and the pupil had finished the tune. "Yes, very good. Now, play the second verse." Pupil registers aston-ishment, but finally gets the idea.

ishment, but finally gets the idea. In a recent Saturday issue of the Glasgow Herald there were nearly one hundred advertisements of church services for the next day. These were from four to eight lines in space and gave the name of the preacher and the hours of the services. In one instance only was there any reference to the music, organist or choirmaster. In Boston we are a little kinder—not much, however—to our church musicians.

-to our church musicians. And that reminds me that in the Edinburgh Princes' Street Gardens Edinburgh Princes' Street Gardens there is a war memorial attracting a great deal of respectful attention: A statue, heroic size, of a kilted soldier is backed by a long basrelief of a pro-cession of Scottish soldiers. At their head march the pipers! Does that sug-gest anything to you? "Peterborough," the British column-ist makes a statement startling if true

"Peterborough," the British column-ist, makes a statement, startling, if true, that the charming tenor solo by Sulli-van, "Take a Pair of Sparkling Eyes" ("Gondoliers"), if played very slowly is the first phrase in the Prelude to "Parsifal." Ho hum! That is to say, Har!

#### Rebuilds Organ at Flushing, Mich.

Rebuilds Organ at Flushing, Mich. F. L. Donelson, organ builder, of Flint, Mich., has just completed re-building and enlarging the two-manual electro-pneumatic organ in the First Methodist Church of Flushing, Mich. The organ formerly stood in a corner of the auditorium, with console at-tached. The church has been remod-eled and new organ chambers have been constructed, one on each side of the chancel. The organ is now inthe chancel. The organ is now in-stalled in these chambers, the great on one side and the swell on the other, and is played from a new all-electric detached console of the stopkey type. The musical possibilities of the organ The musical possibilities of the organ have been greatly enhanced by the change, as have also the beauty and symmetry of the auditorium. The dedi-catory recital, Sept. 16, was played by Rudolph Puhlman of Saginaw, Mich., assisted by Mrs. F. L. Donelson, so-prano, of Flint.

FREDERICK E. BIELER



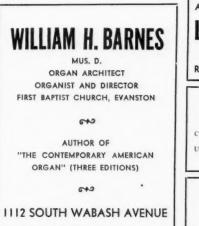
FREDERICK E. BIELER, minister of music of the First Presbyterian Church of Fort Wayne, Ind., received the degree of master of music from the North-western University School of Music in June. Mr. Bieler was graduated from this school in 1937, when he won his bachelor of music degree. During the four years at Evanston he was director of music at B e th an y Evangelical Church, Highland Park, Ill., for his first two years and organist and direc-tor at St. Paul's English Lutheran Church, Evanston. He held the latter position until Feb. 1, 1938, at which time he resigned to go to the church in Fort Wayne. In the short time which Mr. Bieler has spent at Fort Wayne he has or-ganized a junior choir of thirty voices. Also under his direction is a profes-FREDERICK E. BIELER, minister of music

ganized a junior choir of thirty voices and a senior choir of twenty-five voices. Also under his direction is a profes-sional quartet which sings every Sun-day with the newly-organized senior choir. He is a member of Phi Mu Alpha, Iota Chapter, Northwestern University, being one of its past presi-dents. He has been elected to member-ship in the honorary music fraternity, Pi Kappa Lambda. His organ studies have been with Professor Horace Whitehouse. Whitehouse.

#### .... Students of Finney in Recital.

Students of Finney in Recital. Advanced students of Charles H. Finney of the Church of the Covenant at Erie, Pa., gave a recital at the church June 7 in which four of them played the following program of high merit: "Es ist das Heil," "Alle Men-schen müssen sterben" and Prelude and Fugue in C major, Bach (Dorothy Dunn): Toccata, Gothic Suite, Boell-mann (Harold Peterson); Grand Re-sponsive Chorus, Gigout (Marguerite House); Allegro Vivace, Symphony I, Vierne, and Prelude and Fugue in D major, Bach (Doris Faulhaber). -----

George E. Ceiga, Chicago organist and composer, has been spending his vacation in Colorado, attending Canon Douglas' summer conference at Ever-green Lake to study plainsong and hymnology. Mrs. Ceiga and their son enjoyed the mountain air with Mr. Ceiga for three weeks.

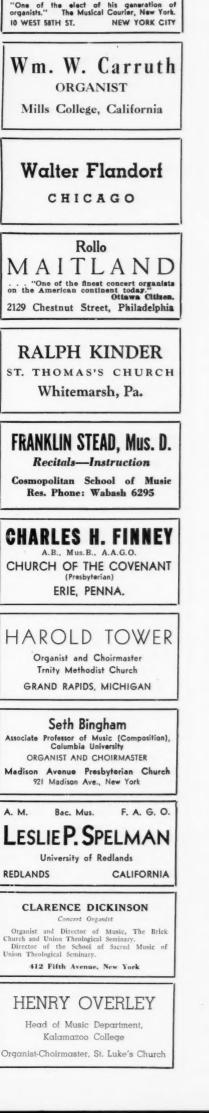


CHICAGO

THE DIAPASON

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#### SEPTEMBER 1, 1938 -14-THE DIAPASON Council SAMUEL A. BALDWIN, A.G.O., F.A.G.O. CHARLES O., BANKS, F.A.G.O. SETH BINGHAM, F.A.G.O. LILIAN CARPENTER, F.A.G.O. NORMAN COKE-JEPHCOTT, F.A.G.O. CHARLES M. COURDOIN, MUS. DOC. GRACE LEERD DARNELL, F.A.G.O. VERNON DE TAR, F.A.G.O. CHARLES HENROTH, MUS. DOC., F.A.G.O. CHARLES HENROTH, MUS. DOC., F.A.G.O. HABOLD VINCENT MILLIGAN, MUS. DOC., F.A.G.O. WILLARD I. NEVINS, F.A.G.O. American Guild of Organists Wardon CHARLES HENRY DOERSAM, F.A.G.O. United States and Canada Sub-Warden FRANK E. WARD, A.A.G.O. (Name and seal registered in U. S. Patent Office) General Secretary RALPH A. HARRIS, M.S.M., F.A.G.O. Amended Charter Granted June 17, 1909 General Treasurer HAROLD W. FRIEDELL, F.A.G.O. Organized April 13, 1896 HAROLD VINCENT MILLIGAN, MUS. DOC., F.A. WILLARD I., NEVINS, F.A.G.O. T. TERTUS NOBLE. MUS. DOC. HUGH PORTER, F.A.G.O. G. DARLINGTON RICHARDS, F.A.G.O. HUGH ROSS, F.R.C.O. FRANK L. SEALY, A.G.O., F.A.G.O. GEORGE W. VOLKEL, MUS. BAC., F.A.G.O. MORRIS W. WATKINS, M.S.M., A.A.G.O. ERNEST WHITE, MUS. BAC. DAVID MCK. WILLIAMS, MUS. DOC., F.A.G.O. FRANK L. SEALY, MUS. DOC., F.A.G.O. FRANK WILLIAMS, MUS. DOC., F.A.G.O. FRANK WRIGHT, MUS. BAC., A.G.O. General Registrar S. LEWIS ELMER, A.A.G.O. Charter Granted December 17, 1890 Amended Charter Granted June 22, 1934 Incorporated December 17 1896 General Librarian JAMES W. BLEECKER, A.A.G.O. General Auditors SCAR FRANKLIN COMSTOCK, F.A.G.O. HUGH MCAMIS, F.A.G.O. Authorized by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York General Office: RKO Building, Rockefeller Center, Chaplain THE REV. HARRY EMERSON FOSDICK, D.D. 1270 Sixth Avenue, New York City

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#### Miami Chapter.

Miami Chapter. Miami organists attended a dinner at the Robert Clay Hotel Aug. 1, after which E. R. Treverton, toastmaster, opened an interesting session with a witty speech. Mrs. Gertrude Talbott Baker gave a helpful address on hymn-ology. This was followed by a round-table discussion in which many inspir-ational ideas were brought out. The Guild extended a welcome to four new members—Mr. and Mrs. Wil-

ANS OF CHAPTERS AND KE st. Petersburg Branch (Florida)— Tailahassee Branch (Florida)—Jeanne Compton. Tampa Branch (Florida)—Jeanne Compton. Tampa Branch (Florida)— Fett gin-Charles W. M. Johnson. Harrisburg-Clarence E. Heckler. Hartford—Donald B. Watrous. Illinois—Whitmer Byrne. Indiana—Cheston L. Heath, M.A. DePauw Branch (Indiana)—Anne Rose. Kansas-Mrs. Arza J. Clark. Kansas City—Mrs. Edna Scotten Billings. Lehigh Valley—Frank S. Graver. Lincoln—Donald D. Kettring. Long Island—Luis Harold Sanford, A.A.G.O. Louisville—Archibald D. Jonas. Maine—Alfred Brinkler, F.A.G.O. Pangor Branch (Maine)—Mrs. Grace B. Howes. Massachusetts—Homer P. Whitford, F.A.G.O. Miani—Mrs. E. R. Treverton. Michigan—William I. Green. Minnesota—C. Wesley Anderson, A.A.G.O. Missouri—Henry H. Walser.

liam Lee, Mrs. Sherrick and Miss Ham-ilton. The Rev. Eldred C. Simkins of New Smyrna, Fla., who was at Holy Cross Episcopal Church for a few weeks, addressed the organists on va-rious matters of musical interest in the church.

The chapter has completed arrange-ments to have André Marchal in No-vember and is planning a recital by Virgil Fox the first of next year. A series of recitals by local organists will

Monmouth—Charles Patrick. Nebraska—Mrs. Winifred T. Flanagan, A.A.G.O. New Haven—H. Frank Bozyan. New Jersey—Russell Snively Gilbert, State Dean. North Carolina—Eugene Craft. North Texas—Mrs. A. H. Mahaffey. Northern California—Harold Mueller, F.A.G.O. Northern California—Harold Mueller, F.A.G.O. Northern Ohio—Laura Louise Bender, F.A.G.O. Northern Chiomethern Ohio)—Mrs. Ethel K. Arndt. Vourgestown Branch (Northern Ohio)—Walter

Toledo Branch (Northern Ohio)--Mrs. Ethel K. Arndt. Youngstown Branch (Northern Ohio)--Walter Hirst, A.A.G.O. Northeastern Pennsylvania--Ruth A. White, A.A.G.O. Oklahoma City--Edward A. Film. Southwest Branch (Oklahoma City)--Mrs. L. N. Gilliland. Oregon--Lauren B. Sykes, A.A.G.O. Pasadena--V. Gray Farrow, A.A.G.O. Pennsylvania--Newell Robinson, F.A.G.O, Rocky Mountain--William F. Spalding. Riode Island--George W. Stanley, Jr. Sacramento--Mrs. Zue G. Pease. San Diego--Edward Borgens.

round out the season's activities. RUBY F. RATHMAN, Corresponding Secretary.

Western Washington Chapter. The year's activities of the Western Washington Chapter closed with a beach picnic Saturday afternoon, June 11. About twenty members and their families attended the picnic supper at Three Tree Point, on Puget Sound. The next regular meeting of the chap-

#### AT SAN FRANCISCO JUNE 20-23

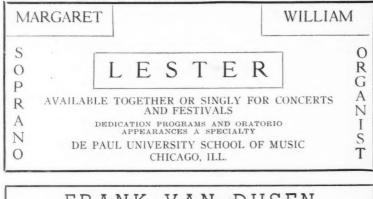
The next general convention of the American Guild of Organists is to be held from June 20 to 23, 1939, in San Francisco, Cal. Plan now to attend this event, for which the organists of California are making preparations.

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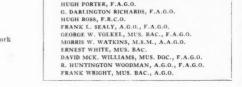


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Western Washington — Wallace M. Seely, Western Pennsylvania — Marshall Bidwelt, A.A.G.O. Western Washington — Wallace M. Seely, A.A.G.O. Wilkes-Barre-Mrs. B. Aubrey Ayre. Hazelton Branch (Wilkes-Barre)— Wisconsin-Arthur Knudsen. York-Henry A. Bates. ter will be held in the fall, with a noon luncheon. WALLACE SEELY, Dean. **GUILD CONVENTION OF 1939** 



#### Haarlem Organ, Most Famous of Its Period, Has 200th Birthday

#### By F. LEWIS ELDRIDGE

IT US LOUIN DITTUUUY By F. LEWIS ELDRIDGE Ist two centuries ago—on Sept. 14, 1738—an organ was completed and opened in Europe that was to go into the annals of the organ as in its day the most magnificent organ in the world. In the beautiful Dutch city of Haarlem stands the lofty cruciform Protestant Church of St. Bavo and it is in this building that the famous organ is found. An excellent description of the in-strument was given by W. L. Summer in the July, 1935, issue of *The Organ*, published quarterly in England. The following are a few interesting quota-tions from the article: "The organ occupies the entire west and reaches nearly to the roof. The case is about ninety feet high and fifty feet broad, and one must add to this the considerable height of the lovely marble tribune on which the instrument so the ease that the largest pipes in the side towers, which are thirty-nine feet long, seem quite dwarfed. (All of the large pipes in the case are made of pure tin.) The organ case looks as if thad been made yesterday. The wood of the main towers is painted red brown, and the connecting woodwork buff, and the extremes, including the arget pipes, which ure thority-ning the side tower is painted red brown, and the connecting woodwork buff, and the extremes, including the arget pipes, which were losing their broking and the stremes, including the accut of silver paint. Although the save huge pipes, everything is so well to pare the size that the large and contains use huge pipes, everything is so well propurtioned that the eye never gets accut of silver paint. Although the save huge pipes, everything is so well propuring that the eye never gets accut of silver paint. Although the save huge pipes, everything is so well propuring that the eye never gets and the choir case, which is at the popuring that the eye never gets and the choir case, which is at the popuring that the eyes are inlaid with tortoise-shell. The pedalboard is fat and the keys are short and broad. The

ivory and the sharp keys are inlaid with tortoise-shell. The pedalboard is flat and the keys are short and broad. The stops are arranged in about equal numstops are arranged in about equal num-bers on each side of the manuals in four horizontal rows. The knobs are round, nearly black, and draw outwards on large, square shanks, the extreme right and left stops being quite out of reach, and all of them needing considerable effort for their manipulation. The names of the stops are painted on the jambs. There is neither swell pedal nor regis-tration 'helps' (apart from the ventil stops). Despite these inconveniences the appearance of the console and case is new and handsome." Following is the specification: GROOT MANUAL (GREAT). Middle Clavier: Sisteen Stops, 1,189 Pipes.

GROOT MANUAL (GREAT). Middle Clavier: Sixteen Stops, 1,189 Pipes. Prestant, 16 ft., 78 pipes. Bourdon, 16 ft., 51 pipes. Octaav, 8 ft., 78 pipes. Roerfluit, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Viol di Gamba, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Roerquint, 5½ ft., 51 pipes. Octaav, 4 ft., 51 pipes. Gemshorn, 4 ft., 51 pipes. Quint Prestant, 2% ft., 51 pipes. Tertian, 1 ft., 2 ranks, 102 pipes. Mixture, 6, 8 and 10 ranks, 339 pipes. Trompet, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Trompet, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Trompet, 8 ft., 31 pipes (incomplete compass).

Trompet, 4 ft., 51 pipes RUGPOSITIF (CHOIR). Bottom Clavier; Fourteen Stops, 1,268 Pipes. Pipes. Bourdon, 16 ft., 51 pipes. Bourdon, 16 ft., 51 pipes. Hohipijp, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Hohipijp, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Fluit Douce, 4 ft., 51 pipes. Super-Octaav, 2 ft., 51 pipes. Sesquialtera, 2, 3 and 4 ranks, 144 pipes. Mixture, 6, 7 and 8 ranks, 360 pipes. Cimbel, 2 ranks, 102 pipes. Fagot, 16 ft., 51 pipes. Trompet, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Clarinet, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Tremulant. BOVEN MANUAL (ECHO). BOVEN MANUAL (ECHO).

op Clavier; Fifteen Stops, 1,098 Pipes. Quintadena, 16 ft., 51 pipes. Quintadena, 16 ft., 51 pipes. Prestant, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Baarpijp, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Viola di Gamba, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Quintadena, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Octaav, 4 ft., 51 pipes. Flagfluit, 4 ft., 51 pipes. Nachthorn, 2 ft., 51 pipes. Flageolet, 1½ ft., 51 pipes. Sesquialtera, 2 ranks, 102 pipes. Cornet, 4, 5 and 6 ranks, 246 pipes. Schalmey, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Dulcian, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Vox Humana, 8 ft., 51 pipes. Tremulant.

"The general effect of the tone of the full organ," the writer goes on to say, "can be described as being round and cohesive in the extreme. In the en-semble the roughness of the reeds is not apparent, and the mixture-work is not obtrusive. The mixture stops when tried alone are sweet, and not shrill. Although none of the departments are under expression from the swell, the build-up through mutations and reeds. together with the superlative acoustics, give a crescendo which seems to live and breathe. The huge superficial area of the case, and its west end position, also contribute to its effectiveness. Large radiating areas, backed by a flat wall, a suitable high position and a large number of low-pressure stops will tend to overcome all sorts of de-fects in regulation. "Appet from the acoustics of the The general effect of the tone of the

"Apart from the acoustics of the building, the main secret of success is the sure touch in the tonal design of the instrument considered as a whole, the instrument considered as a whole. The flutes of the organ have a broad tone without being dull. The prestant stops take the place of our diapasons and incline toward flutiness, but their tone is gentle and tends to blend well. The scales and metal are good: the 'cut-up' is fairly high and the winding and soundboard room is generous. "The problem of keeping up the trebles—so effectively overcome by Father Willis—was tackled by Christian Müller, the builder, as well as by other old builders, by having two pipes to

Norman Coke-Jephcott F.R.C.O., F.A.G.O. (Turpin Prize, R.C.O.) Complete preparation for A.G.O., C.C.O., R.C.O. and T.C.L. examinations. Paper Work by Corresponde Cathedral of St. John the Divine, NEW YORK

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#### THE DIAPASON

each note in the treble, often as far down as two octaves. Some attention must have been given to the problem of 'sympathy,' for this device really does augment the trebles, though our modern scalings obtain better results by easier means. The prestant stops sing beautifully, and fill the church; and the flutes, prestants and gambas blend together to give an intriguing composite diapason tone, on which botin reeds and mixtures sit comfortably. The reeds come on to the fluework without being obtrusive; power is added, but color more so."

added, but color more so." Death of Gordon D. Banker. Gordon D. Banker, organist of St. James' Episcopal Church, Elmhurst, L. I., N. Y., died of a cerebral hemor-rhage Aug. 2 in St. John's Hospital, Long Island City. He was 48 years old. Mr. Banker studied the organ with R. Huntington Woodman and piano with Francis Cooke. Before go-ing to St. James' Church he was or-ganist at St. Stephen's Church, Brook-lyn. Surviving are his widow. Ethel; three children, Irma, Ruth and Ward; his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Banker, Bergenfield, N. J., and a brother and a sister. New Carl Fischer Store Opens Sept. 7.

brother and a sister.
New Carl Fischer Store Opens Sept. 7. The new Carl Fischer music store at 119 West Fifty-seventh street, New York, will be opened Wednesday, Sept. 7. The commodious display rooms of the Janssen Piano Company are to house the new retail sheet music out-let. The new store will be more con-venient to an important part of the New York musical public and visitors to the city than the headquarters store in Cooper Square. The new store will be under the personal direction of Jo-seph Martin Priaulx, dean of American music men. music men.

Music men. Mother of Nesta Williams Dies. Mrs. J. Morgan Williams died at her home in Havana, Ill.. Aug. 1 after a long illness. She was the mother of Miss Nesta Williams, instructor in music at Stephens College, Columbia. Mo., and dean of the Central Missouri Chapter of the A. G. O.



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#### 

SAMUEL R. BURKHOLDER. Ph.D.



SAMUEL R. BURKHOLDER, PH.D., min-SAMUEL R. BURKHOLDER, PH.D., min-ister of music of the Edgewater Pres-byterian Church and director of music at the Nicholas Senn High School, Chicago, has just completed an ex-tended treatise on the evolution of the oratorio and other modern choral forms. This thesis is the first in the field of musicology to be accepted for a Ph.D. by Northwestern University and by its analysis of some forty modern oratorios is a distinct contribution to the study distinct contribution to the study a

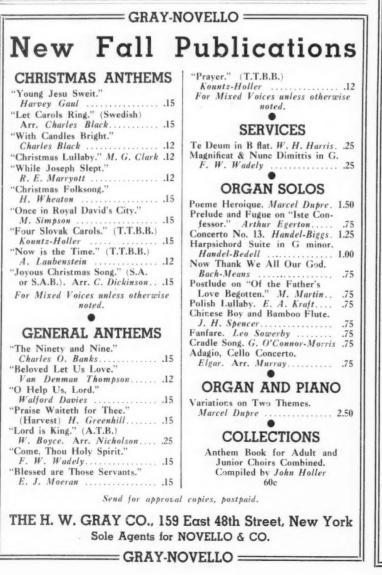
is a distinct contribution to the study of choral music. After six years as organist and choir-master at St. Margaret's Episcopal Church Dr. Burkholder was called to organize a choir in his present position. In four years the Edgewater choir has proven to fifty wices and has appeared In four years the Edgewater choir has grown to fifty voices and has appeared in broadcasts, sacred concerts and can-tatas. His work for ten years at Senn High School has included the direc-tion of a chorus of 300 voices and an *a cappella* choir of eighty singers which has been heard in many con-certs and radio programs, including five times over NBC, eight times over WGN and also over WBBM and WGN and also over WCFL.

WGN and also over WBBM and WCFL. In organ Dr. Burkholder 'studied with Horace Whitehouse and J. Lewis Browne; 'in piano with Arthur Fried-heim and Josef Lhevinne; in composi-tion with Goetschius and Weidig, and in musicology with Felix Borowski and Oliver S. Beltz. He is a member of the executive committee of the Illi-nois Chapter, A.G.O. In the war Dr. Burkholder served as a deck officer in the navy. He was graduated from Olivet College. Later he received his musical bachelor's degree from the American Conservatory, Chicago, and he studied also for two years at the Institute of Musical Art in New York. In 1936 Northwestern University con-ferred on him the degree of master of In 1936 Northwestern University con-ferred on him the degree of master of music ....

#### Death of Albert L. White.

Death of Albert L. White. Albert L. White, a veteran manufac-turer of reed organs and head of the Chicago company bearing his name, died at his home, 6044 Dorchester ave-nue, July 29. He was 72 years old. Mr. White learned the organ trade in De-troit. Since 1903 he had been president and treasurer of the A. L. White Man-ufacturing Company. He was the sec-ond president of the Rotary Club of Chicago, in 1906-07. Mr. White was a thirty-second degree Mason. Surviv-ing are his widow and three daughters, all in Detroit.

A distinctly useful collection of Christmas hymns and carols is pub-lished by Treasure Chest, Inc., which has issued about twenty-five popular volumes of hymns. The "Treasure Chest of Christmas Songs and Carols" is especially calculated to serve the pur-poses of churches which must econo-mize and choirs whose expenditure for new music is very little. The volume sells for only 10 cents retail. There is a selection of twenty-six songs. includselection of twenty-six songs, includ-ing some of the best-loved of old Eng-lish carols and familiar Christmas hymns, and the paper-covered volume is an example of much more beautiful and careful printing than one would expect at the price.



# Keep Yourself Posted

RGANISTS who do not wish to fall behind the procession must be informed as to their business. This is true of the organist's profession just as much as it is of that of the physician or the lawyer. What would you think of a medical man who did not know of the latest advances in the field of surgery? Would you have faith in an attorney who failed to keep informed as to the latest court decisions? Why, then, should you expect him to respect you if you do not know the latest compositions for your instrument-if you are unfamiliar with the latest organs-if you have no idea what the leading organists are playing in their recitals-in short, if you live in the past?

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# Read The Diapason

Every month this paper informs you briefly and accurately as to the latest organs, the latest organ compositions, all the developments in your profession in the United States and abroad. It offers you a department containing the programs played in recitals by prominent organists of every school and taste in every part of the country. Think of the labor and expense incurred to give you this! Think of the value of having two to four-score programs of recitals laid on your desk on the first of every month!

Then there is the valuable and always interesting choir department of Dr. Harold W. Thompson. It is scholarly and practical at the same time. Hundreds of choirmasters testify to its value to them.

Besides the foregoing we have the interesting comments of Dr. Hamilton C. Macdougall and of Dr. Roland Diggle, the fine music reviews of William Lester, the comprehensive news pages, etc., etc.

Send us the name of any organist in your acquaintance who may not be a reader of The Diapason, so we may mail him a sample copy.

THE DIAPASON, Kimball Bldg., Chicago



anfare and Gothic March, by Guy Weitz; published by J. & W. Chester, Ltd., London.

A flamboyant fanfare for heavy chorus reeds serves as a striking prel-ude to a brilliant march (cast in triple meter). This composer's vocabulary is often sharply dissonant and his part movements frequently are severe and angular. But he achieves these effects by controlled choice—not untutored chance. What sounds harsh does so by intention. Here we face music of vital-ity, keenly individual; there is little of surface ingratiation, but much of basic worth to be had for the digging! Chorale Prelude. "A Lovely Rose," Brahms-Holler; published by the H. W. Gray Company. The well-known Brahms treatment

H. W. Gray Company.
The well-known Brahms treatment of the lovely carol by Praetorius is presented arranged for modern organ by John Holler. The arranger's con-tribution has consisted of registration suggestions and the addition of a def-inite part for pedals. No unnecessary changes or additions have been made.
Postlude (Theme from First Symphony), Brahms-Orem; Andantino from Piano Concerto, Tschaikowsky-Orem; "Poem," Fibich-Orem; published by Clayton F. Summy Company.
These transcriptions are separate re-

Concerto, Tschaikowsky-Orem; "Poem," Fibich-Orem; published by Clayton F. Summy Company. These transcriptions are separate re-included in the organ album compiled by Dr. Orem a few years ago and pub-lished by the Summy firm. They are welcome in their new garb, and will, no doubt, find added favor in the future. **Publishes Music to "The Lost Colony."** "The Lost Colony Songbook." con-taining twenty-eight songs, hymns, dances and other music from Paul Green's historical drama "The Lost Colony," now in its second summer season at the Roanoke Island Water-side Theater, Manteo, N. C., has just been released by Carl Fischer, Inc. The complete songbook, compiled and col-lected, with additional lyrics by Paul Green, is based on church and secular music of sixteenth century England. Lamar Stringfield, the North Carolina Pulitzer composer, arranged the song-book and wrote five original numbers for the score. Elizabeth Lay Green wrote the lyrics for "The Baptism of Virginia Dare." which Mr. Stringfield composed, and for "Elinor Dare's Lul-laby." Additional arrangements were made by Adeline McCall. Becauses intimately connected with the church, a large part of "The Lost Colony" score was taken from the early Anglican liturgy. Produced by the Roanoke Island Historical Association, in coop-eration with the Federal Theater Proj-ect and other agencies of the Works Progress Administration. "The Lost Colony" is described as America's Oberammergau, as a quarter-million persons from various parts of the coun-try are expected to make a pilgrimage try are expected to make a pilgrimage to the island before the season closes.

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-17-

THE DIAPASON

Lessons

#### Two New Hymnals Are Valuable Additions to Hymn Literature

Careful editing and attention to every musical detail are noticeable through-out the new "hymnal for use in the churches of the free spirit," entitled "Hymns of the Spirit." A commission Hymns of the Spirit." A commission of the Unitarian and Universalist Churches prepared the volume and the musical part was entrusted to the ca-pable hands of Robert L. Sanders and Edward P. Daniels. It is published by the Beacon Press, Boston. The book contains 525 1-374

Edward P. Daniels. It is published by the Beacon Press, Boston. The book contains 525 hymns and 374 tunes. All the older and well-known tunes of good quality have been retained from the "Hymn and Tune Book," as well as those endeared by sentimental association. The latter have been placed in a supplement which includes familiar tunes not regarded by the best church musicians as of high merit, but held in such affection by congregations that their banishment would be resented. They are tactfully classified as "additional hymns and tunes which do not enter into the gen-eral scheme of the book." From the vast quantity of material consulted, ninety tunes originated in Germany, 138 in England, twenty-one in France and fifty in America. There are 185 tunes which are more than 100 years old and sixty-five which are at least 300 years old. The editors have performed their task with what appears to be real inspira-tion behind their conscientions effort.

The entors have performed their task with what appears to be real inspira-tion behind their conscientious effort, and the result speaks for itself. Among the various new hymnals published in the last few years "Hymns of the Spirit" will be justly ranked as one of the best.

A compact new hymnal issued by the Oxford University Press under the ite of "Songs of Praise for America" may be characterized as unique without risk of abusing that much-misused word. The volume of only 137 hymns is intended primarily as a supplement to the books regularly in use in charled out by Dr. Louis E. Daniels. canon of Trinity Cathedral, Cleveland, and rector of the Episcopal Church at Oberlin, Ohio. One feature is the pres-entation of new and more singable tunes for some old favorite hymns. Ex-entation of new and more singable tunes for some old favorite hymns. Ex-entation of new and more singable tunes for some old favorite hymns. Ex-entation of the Paise for America" in-A compact new hymnal issued by the

"Songs of Praise for America" in-cludes a short psalter which brings within reach of American choirmasters a pointing of the canticles and psalms in the form of "speech-rhythm chant-

#### The Question of Salaries.

-18-

Miami, Fla., July 5, 1938.—Editor of THE DIAPASON: It was a real pleasure to read your editorial in the July issue on "Our Code of Ethics." This is one subject that deserves more attention than is usually accorded it. I believe that the creat majority of members of than is usually accorded it. I believe that the great majority of members of the American Guild of Organists will agree with you as to the value of the "moral force" behind their membership in the matter of relationship between themselves and with their employers, the churches. However, there is one point that the Guild apparently has not deliberated upon, except, perhaps, to

themselves and with their employers, the churches. However, there is one point that the Guild apparently has not deliberated upon, except, perhaps, to disclaim any intention to interfere. That is the question of remuneration and the attitude of ministers and committees toward the organist in this regard. There is no small amount of unfairness existing which makes one feel the need for more cohesion among organists to prevent abuses of inadequate pay for their services. I am writing from a much publicized city where ministers are well paid, but where organists are almost expected to donate their services. While I am not fully informed as to the relative salaries paid in all local churches, I can cite several—for exam-ple, Church A pays its minister \$5,000 per annum and its organist \$600; Church B pays the minister \$5,000 per with a free residence, the latter with the obligation to provide and pay a substitute when on vacation; still an-other minister receives \$2,400 plus resi-dence, while his organist' salaries range from \$25 to \$30 per month; and, of course, there are not lacking some voluntary organists. It is quite true that the organists have other sources of income—they must have, of necessity—but in most cases their total earnings fall far short of those of their pastors. Almost all ministers receive full pay for their vaca-tions and I have known of some re-ceiving additional vacation money, sub-scribed by enthusiastic church mem-bers. These conditions make one wonder if church organists should not be

scribed by entrusiastic church mean bers. These conditions make one wonder if church organists should not be "unionized" or in some way bring pressure to bear to institute a standard of pay in direct relation to that of the minister. For comparison, I quote from the published scale of the local branch of the American Federation of Musi-cians:

of the American Federation of Musi-cians: Organists, per week of five days, one hour daily, \$65. Organists, per week of five days, two hours daily, \$75. Organists, per week of six days, one hour daily, \$75. Organists, per week of six days, two hours daily, \$85.

hours daily, \$85. These theater organists, often not as good musicians as many of their ec-clesiastical confreres, obviously have plenty of time for other activities be-sides their own practice, and are paid for rehearsal time when practicing with an orchestra, while the church organist, often choir director as well, must put in hours of work at rehearsals and with soloists, besides keeping up his or her own technique.

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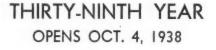
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Who's Who Among the Organists of America

W. LAWRENCE COOK



#### W. LAWRENCE COOK.

W. LAWRENCE COOK. There are few American organists whose time, according to the records, is occupied more thoroughly and more profitably than that of W. Lawrence Cook, A.A.G.O., of Louisville. Mr. Cook has wielded an influence for the last score of years that is reflected in the able pupils who occupy Louisville organ benches, in the recitals which he gives and in varied activities that help to make Louisville a musical city. He is the organist and choirmaster of the First Lutheran Church, where his chorus of thirty voices has achieved fame and where he has the hearty co-operation of a sympathetic and musical pastor, the Rev. H. C. Lindsay. He is also organist of Temple B'Rith Sho-lom. But these posts constitute only a part of his spheres of influence. He is heard in recitals that win the acclaim of the critics in the famous Speed

a part of his spheres of influence. He is heard in recitals that win the acclaim of the critics in the famous Speed music-room at the University of Louis-ville. The cut on this page shows him seated at the organ in this room. Mr. Cook was born in Dover, N. H. At an early age he was taken by his parents to Worcester, Mass., and later the family lived in Boston. His first studies in piano were with Ethel C. Woodward, a well-known teacher of Worcester. Later he studied organ and piano with Everett J. Harrington of Boston. He began his career as a church organist at the age of 14 years. Mr. Cook entered the New England

Boston. He began his career as a church organist at the age of 14 years. Mr. Cook entered the New England Conservatory of Music in Boston in 1913, and was graduated with honors in 1916. He majored in organ with Wal-lace Goodrich, now director of the school, and studied theory with Louis C. Elson, Stuart Mason and Clement Lenom. After graduation he taught for one year at the Marienfeld School in North Carolina. The following year he taught at the Lawrenceville School in New Jersey, where he was school organist and director of the orchestra. During the war Mr. Cook was ap-pointed to the field artillery central officers' training school at Camp Zach-ary Taylor, and earned a commission in the reservé. In 1919 he was appointed organist and choirmaster of Calvary Episcopal Church, Louisville, and teacher of organ and piano at the Louisville Conserva-tory of Music. In 1920 he was ap-pointed organist and director of Temple

B'Rith Sholom. In 1925 he studied at Fontainebleau, working in organ with Widor and Libert, and in counterpoint, fugue and composition with Andre Bloch. He was awarded honors in organ and was especially cited in coun-terpoint and fugue.

For several years Mr. Cook has been For several years Mr. Cook has been director of the commencement chorus at the Louisville Collegiate School. He was organist of the Louisville Chorus while its concerts were being given at the Louisville Memorial Auditorium. For several years he has been organist of the Handel Oratorio Society of Louisville.

of the Handel Oratorio Society of Louisville. Since 1932 Mr. Cook has been a mem-ber of the faculty of the University of Louisville School of Music, teaching organ, piano, harmony and solfeggio. With all this he finds time to give re-citals out of town, having made numerous appearances in Kentucky, Indiana, Ohio and the East.

Obio and the East. For three years Mr. Cook was presi-dent of the Kentucky Council of the National Association of Organists and he was dean of the Louisville Chapter of the American Guild of Organists during the years 1935-37. He was presi-dent of the Wednesday Morning Musi-cal Club of Louisville for two years. He is now president of Lambda Chap-ter of the honorary society of Pi Kappa Lambda and formerly was a member of the board of regents. He is also a member of Phi Mu Alpha Sinfonia Fra-ternity of America and a past president of Alpha Chapter, and a member of the board of trustees of Neighborhood House, Louisville. Since March 1, 1936, Mr. Cook has held the position of organist and choir-

held the position of organist and choir-master of the First Lutheran Church of Louisville. Mr. Cook married Miss Katharine Allen of Louisville in 1930.

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#### HENRY V. STEARNS.

As a musical educator Dr. Henry V. Stearns, F.A.G.O., has wielded an in-fluence that has been felt in many parts of the country. As an organist he has been active for upward of thirty years. In both his teaching and playing he has carried on the tradition of his early preceptors, prominent among whom carried on the tradition of his early preceptors, prominent among whom was the late Harrison M. Wild. Since 1927 Mr. Stearns has been minister of music at the large First Presbyterian Church of Youngstown, Ohio. For the last ten years he has been head of the music department at Youngstown Col-lege. He has been active as a Guild leader in Ohio and one of the features of the recent Oberlin regional conven-tion was his paper on the A.G.O. ex-aminations, published in THE DIAPASON in August.

aminations, published in THE DIAPASON in August. Mr. Stearns is a native of Chicago and received most of his musical educa-tion in that city. He received a diploma from the American Conservatory of Music and thereafter did postgraduate work at this school. His organ studies were pursued under Mr. Wild, supple-mented by work with Dr. J. Lewis Browne. In piano he was a pupil of Frank LaForge, Howard Wells and Allen Spencer. The late Adolf Weidig was his teacher in harmony, counter-

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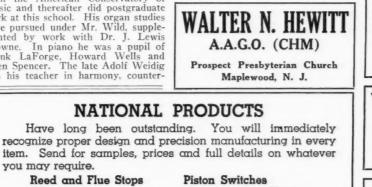
point, composition and orchestration. His studies in Chicago were supple-mented by three years in Europe, study-ing piano under Professor Martin Krause. He also took composition with Dr. Edgar Stillman Kelley and conducting with Alexander yon Fielitz.

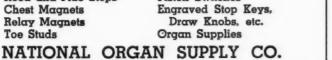
HENRY V. STEARNS, F.A.G.O.

conducting with Alexander von Fielitz. Mr. Stearns was on the faculty of the American Conservatory of Music in Chicago and teacher of piano at Kem-per Hall, Kenosha, Wis., before he went to Columbia, Mo., to be head of the department of music at Christiau College. From there he went to the Illinois Woman's College, now Mc-Murray College, at Jacksonville, after which he was for several years dean of the school of music of Washburn Col-lege, Topeka, Kan. From Kansas he was called to Youngstown.

lege, ropera, Kai, From Ranas ne was called to Youngstown. Various honors have been won by Mr. Stearns. The degree of doctor of pedagogy was conferred on him by the Cincinnati Conservatory of Music in 1925. He was a prize winner in the National Federation of Music Clubs contest for American composers in 1911 with a Trio in D minor; won the *Chicago Daily News* contest for Amer-ican composers in 1926, and took the prize of the Kansas State Federation of Music Clubs in 1925 with a Terzetto in G major. Among his unpublished com-positions are songs, anthems, cantatas, a string quartet, an overture and shorter pieces for orchestra. In 1909 Mr. Stearns married Miss Carrie F. Smith of Seattle, Wash. Mr. and Mrs. Stearns have a daughter, Elizabeth.

Elizabeth





Erie, Penna.



THE DIAPASON



-19-

## Programs of Organ Recitals of the Month

Morris Watkins, A.A.G.O., New York and choir. City-Mr. Watkins, organist at master of the Church of the Saviour. master of the Church of the Saviour, Brooklyn Heights, gave a recital at the Riverside Church. New York, on the afternoon of July 27, at which he played: Arioso in the Ancient Style, Rogers; Three Movements from the Suite "Har-monies of Florence," Bingham; Three Chorale Preludes, Brahms; First Movement from Sonata I, in A minor, Borow-ski; Chorale from "Twenty-four Pieces in Free Style" and "Westminster Chimes,"

from "Pieces of Fantasy," Vierne. In a recital July 20 Mr. Watkins played the Riverside these compositions at the : "The Nave," "Rose Church: Window' Church: "The Nave," "Rose Window" and "Thou Art the Rock," Mulet; Three Chorale Preludes, Bach; "Meditation a Sainte Clotilde," James; "Carillon," Vierne: Aria, Bingham; Toccata from Fifth Symphony, Widor. John E. Fay, A.A.G.O., Portland, Me.— In a recital on the Kotzschmar memorial organ in the Cliv: Wall Anditorium on the

organ in the City Hall Auditorium on the evening of July 19 Mr. Fay played the following program: Toccata on "O Filli et Filiae." Farnam: Sicilienne, Bach-Widor; Overture to the Occasional Oratorio, Handel; "Romance" from Fourth Symphony, Vierne; "Ronde Francaise," Boellmann; "Memories," Dickinson; Canon in B minor, Schumann; "Fiat Lux," Dubois; Intermezzo in D flat, Hollins; Finale from Eighth Symphony, Widor. On the afternoon of July 27 Mr. Fay

presented this list of compositions: Trum-pet Tune and Air, Purcell; "Jesu, Joy of Man's Desiring," Bach; "Water Music," Man's Desiring," Bach; "Water Music," Handel; Meditation, Sturges; Toccata on the Gloria, Dupré; Chorale, "Ave Maris Stella." Dupré; Caprice, Kinder; "Ave Maria," Schubert; "Marche Pittoresque." Kroeger; Minuet, Vierne; Finale from Fourth Symphony, Widor. These recitals were under the auspices of the Maine Chapter, American Guild of Overagite.

Organists.

organists. Douglas L. Rafter, A.A.G.O., Manches-ter, N. H.—Mr. Rafter, organist and choirmaster of St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, Manchester, gave a recital at the City Hall Auditorium in Portland, Me., July 21, under the auspices of the Maine Chapter of the A.G.O. His program was as follows: "Psalm XIX," Marcello; Cho-rale Preludes, "Wachet auf, ruft uns die Stimme" and "Wir glauben All' an einen Gott," Bach: Minuet, Handel; Sketch in F minor, Schumann; "The Bells of St. Anne de Beaupre," Russell; Berceuse, Dickinson; "Romance sans Paroles," Bon-net; Toccata from Fifth Symphony, Widor. Widor

Franklin Mitchell, Willard, Mo .---Bethel Evangelical Church, Concordia, Mo., dedicated its new Reuter organ Sunday, July 31, with a recital by Mr. Mitchell, director of music in the high school at Willard, Mo., who played the following program: Chorale Prelude, following program: Chorale Prelude, Bach; Chorales, "Herzlich thut mich ver-langen," "O Haupt voll Blut und Wun-den" and "A Mighty Fortress Is Our God," Bach; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; Chorale in A minor, Franck; "Waldweben," Wagner-Rogers; "Wiegen-lied." Czerwonky: "La Petite Offerte" den" and God," P lied," Czerwonky; "La Petite Offerte," Mitchell; "Galilee," Matthews; "Hymn of

George Y. Wilson, Cincinnati, Ohio-Mr. Wilson was the guest organist at Colo-Wilson was the guest organict at con-rado College Aug. 11 and played the fol-lowing program at Shove Memorial Chapel: Suite from "Water Music," Handel; "Soeur Monique." Couperin; Chorale in B minor, Franck; "Carillon." DeLamarter; Roulade, Bingham; Andante from Symphony for Organ, Barnes; Introduc-tion and Fugue on "Ad Nos, ad salutarem undam." Liszt.

Robert Elmore, Philadelphia, Pa.-Mr. Robert Eimore, Philadeiphia, Pa.—Mr. Elmore's programs, to be broadcast from station WFIL. Sunday evenings from 10 to 10:30 in September, will include the following offerings:

Sept. 4--Chorale and Menuet ("Suite Gothique"), Boellmann; "An Evening in Venice," Chenoweth; "Piece Heroique," Franck; "Now the Day Is Over," Hymntune (requested).

Sept. 11-Allegro (Sonata 1), Guilmant; Sept. 11—Allegro (Sonata 1), Guilmant; Pastorale, Remondi; Andante Cantabile (String Quartet), Tschaikowsky (re-quested); "The Squirrel," Weaver (re-quested); Second Concert Study, Yon. Sept. 18—"Alla Marcia," Bossi; "In Moonlight," Kinder; Prelude and Fugue

on B-A-C-H, Liszt; Aria in F, Bach

Sept. 25-Prelude and Fugue in C major. Bach; Pastorale, Guilmant; "Chinese Dance" ("Nutcracker" Suite), Tschal-kowsky; "Hymn of Glory," Yon. kowsky;

Kenneth R. Osborne, Holland, Mich.— Mr. Osborne spent six weeks during the summer at St. Lawrence University, Canton, N. Y., and played the following pro-

grams in twilight recitals there: July 13—Prelude, Fugue and Chaconne, Buxtehude: Prelude, Corelli; Pastorale, Bach; "Carillon," DeLamarter; "Sonata da Chiesa" (Theme with Variations and inale), Andriessen. July 20-First Movement, First Sym-

Maquaire: "Aftonfrid." Hige phony.

phony, Maquaire; "Aftonfrid," Hägg; Fifth Symphony (Allegro Vivace, Adagio and Toccata), Widor. Mr. Osborne played a Bach program Aug. 3 with the aid of Ruth Hlavaty Parker, pianist, at which the organ selec-tions included: Cathedral Prelude and Eugue (E. minor). Chorale Prelude (E minor); Chorale Preludes, Fugue "These Are the Ten Holy Command-ments," "All Men Are Mortal" and "In Thee Is Gladness"; Passacaglia in C minor

T. Curtis Mayo, A.A.G.O., Los Angeles, Cal.—In a recital Sunday evening, July 31, at the People's Independent Church of Christ Mr. Mayo presented a: program made up of the following compositions: Suite from "Water Music," Handel; Two Chorale Preludes, Karg-Elert; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; Andante and Fugue in D minor, Bach; Andante Cantabile from String Quartet, Tschai-kowsky; "Swing Low, Sweet Chariot," ar-ranged by Diton; Chorale in A minor, Franck; Cantabile, Franck; Finale from First Sonata, James

James S. Constantine, A.A.G.O., Char-lottesville, Va.—In a recital at the open air theater of the University of Virginia Sunday evening, June 12, Mr. Constan-tine played this program: Concerto No. 5 in F major, Handel; "The Woods Se tine played this program. in F major, Handel; "The Woods So Wild." from the "Fitzwilliam Virginal Book," Byrd: Toccata in F major, Bach; "On Hearing the First Cuckoo in Spring." Delius; "Florentine Chimes," "Primavera" (after Botticelli), and "Twilight at Fie-sole," from the Suite "Harmonies of "Bingham: Scherzo from Sym-Florence," Bingham; Scherzo from Sym-phony 2. Vierne; Prelude and "Love-Death" from "Tristan and Isolde," Wagnet

Thomas Curtis, Ann Arbor, Mich.—Mr. Curtis, jointly with Carroll Feagins, pianist, gave a recital at Emanuel Luheran Church, Middleburg, Pa., Aug. 24. Mr. Curtis' selections included the fol-lowing: Chorale Fugue, "Wir glauben All" Bach; Sinfonia in F. an einen Gott.' an einen Gott." Bach; Sinfonia in F, Bach; Toccata from "Oedipe a Thebes," de Mereaux; "Prayer," from "Hänsel und Gretel" (request), Humperdinck; Concert Variations, Bonnet; Symphonic Piece for Organ and Piano, Clokey.

Louis L. Balogh, Cleveland, Ohio-Dr. Balogh, organist and choirmaster of St. Ignatius' Church, is playing two twilight recitals on Sundays at the Cleveland Mu-seum of Art and his programs are as llows: Aug. 28—Concerto in G minor, Handel; folle

Aug. 28-Concerto in G minor, manuer, Chorales, "Jesu, Du wollest uns weisen." Scheidemann, and "Puer natus in Beth-lehem," Buxtehude (transcribed for the Praetorius organ by Alfred Sittard); Pre-lude and Fugue in C minor, Bach; "Aria con Variazioni," Martini; "Exsultemus," Viridae

 Convertigener, Sept. 4—Concerto in D minor, Bach;
 Prelude, Fugue and Variation, Franck;
 Allegro Maestoso, "Water Music," Handel; Sarabande, Jennings; "Fiat Lux," Dubois

George R. Hunsche, Boston, Mass. George R. Hunsche, Boston, Mass. — Mr. Hunsche, organist and choirmaster of the Central Congregational Church of Jamaica Plain, played the following pro-gram in a recital at the Wellesley Con-ference on Church Music July 1: Toccata from Suite, Op. 14, de Maleingreau; Con-certo No. 8, in A major (Andante, Allegro and Bourree), Handel; "Symphonie Ro-mane" (Moderato, Chorale, Cantilene and mane" (Moderato, Chorale, Cantilene and Finale), Widor,

mont on the evening of July 14 Miss Marston played the following composi-tions: Allegro from Sixth Symphony, Widor; Chorale Improvisations, "Vom Himmel hoch" and "Aus tiefer Not." Karg-Elert; Melody, Reger; "Water Music," Handel; Prelude and Fugue in C minor, Bach; "Dreams," McAmis; Sum-

Sketches. Lemare: Finale from Fourth Symphony, Vierne,

Fourth Symphony, Vierne. Raymond C. Robinson, F.A.G.O., Bos-ton, Mass.—Mr. Robinson, organist of King's Chapel, Boston, who taught at the University of Colorado, Boulder, Colo., during the summer, played a series of re-citals on the large Austin organ in the Macky Auditorium. His August programs

included among others the following: Aug. 3—Introduction and Allegro (So-nata 1), Guilmant; Pastorale, Franck; Andante, Chauvet-Guilmant; Scherzetto, Vierne; Fugue in G minor, Bach; Adagio, Pleyel-Noble; "Carillon," DeLamarter; "Love-Death," from "Tristan," Wagner; "Marche Religieuse," Guilmant.

Aug. 7—Chorale Improvisation, "Lord Jesus Christ, to Us Draw Nigh," Karg-Elert; Arioso, Quantz-Dickinson; "Rhap-sodie Catalane," Bonnet; Sicilienne, Bach;

sodie Catalane," Bonnet; Sicilienne, Bach; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach. Aug. 10-Chorale in B minor, Franck; Scherzo in C minor, Widor; "Im Garten" ("Rustic Wedding" Suite), Goldmark; "Danse des Mirlitons" ("Nutcracker" Suite), Tschaikowsky; "Benedictus," Re-ger; Arioso, Bach; "Westmirster Chimes," Vierne Vierne

Aug. 14—"Fantaisie Dialoguee," Boell-mann; Andante in B. Franck; "Jesu, Joy of Man's Desiring," Bach; Finale (Symphony 6), Widor.

Claude L. Murphree, F.A.G.O., Gainesville, Fla.—In his recital at the University of Florida Sunday afternoon, Aug. 7, Mr. Murphree played: Largo and Fugue in G and Toccata for the Flutes, John Stanley: Overture to "Comus." Thomas A. Arne; "Sour Monique," Couperin; "Fish-erman's Song" and "Pantomime," from "El Amor Brujo." De Falla; "The Swan of Tuonela," Sibelius; Cantilene in B Arne: of Tuonela," Sibelius; Cantilene in B minor, Robert L. Bedell; Fugue in G minor (MS), Milton Hodgson; "Souvenir Poetique" and American Fantasy, Diggle. Frederic W. Errett, Whittier, Cal.—In

a program of folk-tunes at the Methodist Church of Whittier Sunday evening, July 24, Mr. Errett included the following:

"Song of the Volga Boatmen," arranged "Song of the Volga Boatmen," arranged by Errett; Londonderry Air, arranged by Orem: Fantasy on a Welsh Tune, Ter-tius Noble; "Nobody Knows the Trouble I See," arranged by Kohlmann; "Steal Away," arranged by Errett. Warren F. Johnson, Washington, D. C. --Mr. Johnson has played the following in his short recitals before the evening serv-ice at the Church of the Pilgrims:

ice at the Church of the Pilgrims: Aug. 7—"Portraits," Op. 101, Karg-

Elert. Aug. 14-Sonata I. Paul Hindemith.

Aug. 14-Sonata I, Fau Hindemith. Aug. 21-"Portraits," Op. 101 (second group), Karg-Elert. Aug. 28-Fantasie, "Hallelujah, Gott zu loben," Max Reger.

F. Rayner Brown, Mus. B., San Diego, Cal.—In his recitals on the Spreckels out-door organ in Balboa Park Mr. Brown has played:

played: Aug. 17—Compositions by American composers: Toccata on "Vom Himmel hoch." Edmundson; Cantilene, Frederick M. Barnes; A Gothic Prelude, DeLamar-ter; "Skyland," Vardell; "Ariel," Thomp-son; "Dreams," McAmis; Folksong Pre-bude Edmundson; "Ascension Fiests." lude, Edmundson: "Ascension Fiesta, Gaul.

Aug. 18-Toccata in D, Kinder; An-dante Espressivo from "Sonata Cromat-"South Wind," Rowley; "Folk-tune," Whitlock; Andante Cantabile from Fourth Symphony, Widor; Prelude on "Come, Holy Spirit," Edmundson; "A Sylvan Idyll," Gordon Balch Nevin; Sortie in F, Rogers.

Rogers. Dr. Ray Hastings, Los Angeles, Cal.— Numbers played by Dr. Hastings in re-cent popular programs at the Philhar-monic Auditorium have been: "Commempration March." Petrali; "Song of India. Rimsky-Korsakoff; "Romance," Rul stein; "Daybreak," Grieg; Prelude Rubin-Rimsky - May Daybreak," Grieg; From stein; "Daybreak," Grieg; From "The Deluge," Saint-Saens; Nocturne, Mendelssohn; "Prayer" and Chorus from "Lohengrin," Wagner; Three Woodland Sketches, MacDowell; "Prelude Solen-

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| Evening Hymn (Shadows of the Eve-  |      | HERBERT SANDERS                      |     |
| ning Hours)                        | .15  | Take My Life, and Let It Be          | .12 |
| Hearken Unto Me. Motet             | .35  | FRANCIS SNOW                         |     |
| T. FREDERICK H. CANDLYN            |      | Come, Labour On !                    | .15 |
| Bread of Heaven, on Thee We Feed   | .12  | FIRMIN SWINNEN                       |     |
| Short Communion Service in G       | .20  | The Lord's Prayer                    | .10 |
| Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis in F. | .16  | ERIC H. THIMAN                       |     |
| ARTHUR G. COLBORN                  |      | O Be Joyful (Jubilate)               | .15 |
| Benedictus es, Domine (Chant form) | .10  | CHRISTOPHER THOMAS                   |     |
| HERBERT DALE                       |      | O Lord, Support Us                   | .12 |
| Hearken unto Me                    | .15  | Grant, O Lord                        | .12 |
| RALPH HORNER                       |      | Lord, Thou Hast Been Favourable      | .12 |
| O Lord, Thou Art My God (Christ-   |      | O Clap Your Hands Together           | .12 |
| mas and General)                   | .15  | ALFRED WHITEHEAD                     |     |
| EDWARD MacDOWELL                   |      | In Songs of Rejoicing (Thanksgiving) | .12 |
| Hymn of Faith (A.D. 1620)          | .10  | The Chariots of the Lord             | .12 |
| F. M. MICHELL                      |      | HOMER WHITFORD                       |     |
| Benedictus es, Domine, No. 2, in E |      | Rejoice in the Lord (a cappella)     | .12 |
| flat                               | .12  | T. CARL WHITMER                      |     |
| T. TERTIUS NOBLE                   |      | Grant, O Lord (a benediction)        | .12 |
| Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis in A. | .20  | WALTER G. WOODCOCK                   |     |
| CHESTER NORDMAN                    |      | O Come before His Presence (Har-     | 10  |
| O Jesus, When I Think of Thee!     | .12  | vest and Thanksgiving)               | .12 |
| For                                | Iumi | or Choir                             |     |
| 101                                | Juin | or choir                             |     |
| EDWARD MacDOWELL                   |      | JULIUS RONTGEN                       |     |
| Hymn of Faith (A.D. 1620) (Unison) | .10  | Two Old Dutch Carols (SA)            | .12 |
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| Hosanna to His Name (Unison)       | .10  | CHRISTOPHER THOMAS                   |     |
| The Lord's Prayer (SA or unison).  | .12  | O Clap Your Hands (Unison)           | .12 |
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## Southwestern Club Will Boost Works of American Composers

The Southwestern Organ Club, a live The Southwestern Organ Club, a live organization of twenty organists under the leadership of Cora Conn Redic, with headquarters at Winfield, Kan., the seat of Southwestern College, has planned its season of 1938-9 and has issued a program for the year beginning with October. Several features of more than ordinary interest await the membership and their musical friends as the club's contribution to the advancement of the contribution to the advancement of the

contribution to the advancement of the organ. The initial meeting will be held at the college Oct. 9, with the new Kim-ball organ as a special attraction and seven of the members will play selec-tions. On Nov. 14 new music published in the last year is to be presented and the program will contain the following interesting numbers: Chorale Prelude in the last year is to be presented and the program will contain the following interesting numbers: Chorale Prelude on "Crusaders' Hymn," Schmutz (Mar-tha McDermott); "Melodie Negroid" and "Thakay Yama," Miller (Elizabeth Everly); Elevation, Bedell (Ethelyn Falwell); "Ariel," Thompson (Ernes-tine Parker); Fantasy for Organ, George Mead (Bill Wilkins); Revery, George Mead (Bill Wilkins); Revery, George Cranden (Grace Sellers); "La Media Worke," Stoessel-James (Hil-dred Applegate). A program Nov. 20 devoted to Amer-ican hymns will enlist the choirs of five churches and Dec. 12 there is to be a Christmas organ program. A hymn study program is on the schedule for Jan. 9.

for Jan. 9. The meeting Feb. 13 will be dedi-cated to Dr. T. F. H. Candlyn and will consist of compositions by the Albany man, six members being on the pro-

consist of compositions by the Arbany man, six members being on the pro-gram. March 13 will see the presentation of a program of works of American com-posers, with the following interesting list of offerings: "A Prayer of St. Chrysostom," Weaver (Mrs. William Stallcop); "Fountain in Moonlight," Frazee (Catherine Shrauner); "Scottie's Pranks and Moods," Miller (Ellzabeth Everly); "Carillon," DeLamarter (Gor-don Young); "Evening Idyl," Bidwell (Fern Kindt); Concert Scherzo ("Will-o'the-Wisp"), Diggle (Ernestine Parker); "Fanfare d'Orgue," Shelley (Martha McDermott). As the final event of the season, April 10, 1939, there will be a pro-gram dedicated to Dr. Robert L. Bedell and it will be made up of seven of his compositions.

Harry Rowe Shelley Honored. Dr. Harry Rowe Shelley Honored. Dr. Harry Rowe Shelley of New York presided at a vesper musicale July 31 at Whitefield, N. H., arranged by local choirs in his honor and presented before a congregation that filled the Methodist Church and overflowed into the shade of pine trees in the church-yard. Dr. Shelley, whose career as composer and organist spans the years from youthful service under Henry Ward Beecher in Brooklyn and later with Dr. William B. Faunce at the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church in New York and other metropolitan churches down to the present time, was at the organ. Twenty vested choristers sang his anthem "Hark! Hark My Soull" known to choirs thro ug ho ut the English-speaking world. Dr. Shélley played a postlude of his own com-position. position.

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THE DIAPASON

#### Los Angeles News; W. Brownell Martin Going to the Coast

#### BY ROLAND DIGGLE, MUS. D.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 6-W. Brownell Martin becomes the regular organist of the First Congregational Church of Los Angeles effective Sept. 1. Mr. Martin was born in rural Penn-sylvania near Galeton some twenty sylvania near Galeton some twenty-odd years ago and already holds the degrees of bachelor and master of music. His Concerto for organ and piano was performed in the Federal Theater in New York and it is expected that other works from his pen will be heard during the coming season.

heard during the coming season. It was a great pleasure to have War-ren D. Allen of Stanford University as the recitalist at the University of Cali-fornia summer session July 27. Mr. Allen is one of the outstanding organ-ists in the West. The program con-tained items of interest, all of which received excellent treatment by the re-citalist. My personal choice was the fine Fantasia by Mozart and the "Pio-neer America" suite of Seth Bingham. The last recitalist of the summer series was our own Dudley Warner Fitch, organist and choirmaster of St. Paul's cathedral. Mr. Fitch can always be counted on for an enjoyable program and despite the very hot weather he more than did himself proud. Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Leslie Iacobs

More than due miniscu produ-Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Leslie Jacobs left the first of the month for Connec-ticut to conduct their annual summer school of church music. They will re-turn to Los Angeles early in September for the busy season they have planned. Mr. Jacobs tells me that the fifth Bach festival will be held Nov. 18 and 19 with the B minor Mass the culminating event. event.

I received a great shock a Sunday or so ago when I visited one of the largest Baptist churches in a nearby city. The church has become well known for having good music and I know the choir director has worked

hard to raise the standard. I regret to say that on this occasion the visit-ing preacher, a gentleman from Boston, got up and sang "A Gold Mine In the Sky." Are these things done in Bos-ton?

From a recent church bulletin I cull the following: "The choir librarian checked the music library last week and found a shortage of 430 copies of an-thems. This is quite startling, and he requests that every former choir mem-ber, as well as present active members, look through his music at home and return these copies to the files."

I experienced a real Ripley "believe it or not" a few days ago. Some twenty years ago there was stolen from me at the church a new overcoat, hat and mu-sic case. In the case among other things was an organ number that was out of print. I tried both here and abroad to locate a copy, but without success. A few days ago, while looking over some music in a second-hand music store, I came across my lost piece with my own markings on it. Believe it or not!

Wilbur Chenoweth of Lincoln, Neb., as been granted a year's leave of ab-

Wilbur Chenoweth of Lincoln, Neb., has been granted a year's leave of ab-sence and will spend it in Los Angeles, arriving early in August. Daniel Hirschler and his wife are here from Emporia. Kan., visiting his brother Otto T. Hirschler. Harold Gleason of Rochester is the house guest of Ernet Doubles.

Gleason of Kocnester is the house game of Ernest Douglas. Sydney Lewis of San Francisco spent the early part of the month in Los Angeles. This is Mr. Lewis' first trip to Los Angeles in a long time and his many friends here gave him a royal

many friends here gave him a royal welcome. Charles Morehead of Canada was here for a few days, but I could not get him away from Hollywood Boule-vard.

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MRS. CONSTANCE VIRTUE



#### PRIZE FOR NEW NOTATION TO MRS. CONSTANCE VIRTUE

Mrs. Constance Virtue, an organist formerly living in San Diego, Cal., and for the last two years at Parris Island, S. C., where her husband, Dr. C. W. Virtue, is attached to the naval hos-pital, has won the \$100 research fellow-ship awarded by the alumnae associa-tion of Mu Phi Epsilon, the national honor music society, of which she is a member. The work for which she gained the award was her invention of a new system of musical notation which a new system of musical notation which eliminates accidentals and in other ways simplifies the reading of music.

simplifies the reading of music. The judges, who were unanimous in their decision, were: Dean W. R. Colton of the University of South Dakota; Rabbi James R. Heller, musicologist, composer and lecturer at the Cincin-nati Conservatory, and Dr. Paul G. Stolz, head of the music department at Bucknell University, Lewisburg, Pa. Mrs. Virtue, a native of Cincinnati, began writing music at the age of 10. At 14 she won a scholarship at the College of Music of Cincinnati, where she later received a bachelor of music degree. She continued the study of piano and composition at the American Conservatory in Chicago under Kurt

Conservatory in Chicago under Kurt Wanieck and Leo Sowerby. Mrs. Virtue has appeared in recitals and has served as a church organist, choir director and teacher. Her com-positions, which include choral and or-chestral works as well as songs and

**ORGAN PIPES** 

instrumental solos, have won a number of prizes. Recently her new setting of Katherine Lee Bates' well-known poem, "America the Beautiful," was published. SUMMER VISITORS REGISTER

AT OFFICE OF THE DIAPASON

Summer visitors at the office of THE Summer visitors at the office of THE DIAPASON from points outside Chicago have included the following: Dr. and Mrs. Frank Asper, Salt Lake City, Utah. George Lee Hamrick, Atlanta, Ga. Mr. and Mrs. Ernest McC. Wright, Louisville, Ky. Miss Ernestine Holmes, Gloversville, N V

N

. Y. Miss Ruth Blaylock, Tulsa, Okla. Robert Baker, Pontiac, Ill. Miss Sadie Moor, Indianapolis, Ind. Charles W. Johnson, Atlanta, Ga. Francis H. Hopper, Muskegon, Mich. Clinton DeWitt, Oconto, Wis. C. F. Dung Naw, Britain Conp.

C. F. Dunn, New Britain, Conn. W. O. Tufts, South Bend, Ind. Mr. and Mrs. George Stertzer, Co-

lumbus, Ohio. John Stark Evans, Eugene, Ore. Mrs. Robin Ogden, Middlebury, Conn.

Kenneth Runkel, Parkersburg, W. Va

Professor William C. Webb, Milwaukee, Wis. George M. Kreamer, Lake Charles,

La. C. Wesley Anderson, Minneapolis,

Minn. Miss Grace Halverson, Detroit, Mich Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Greenwood,

Miss Grace Halverson, Detroit, Mich. Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Greenwood, Asheville, N. C. Miss Mary Envall, Galesburg, Ill. Hugh Waddill, Dallas, Tex. Mrs. Sue Goff Bush, Kansas City. Frank K. Owen, Minneapolis, Minn. Andre Wehrle, Gary, Ind. Miss Glenda Buchanan, Ashland, Ky. Harold Schwab, Boston, Mass. Miss Laura L. Bender, Cleveland. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stewart Adams, New York City.

New

lew York City. Mrs. G. H. Mathis, Little Rock, Ark, F. Arthur Henkel, Nashville, Tenn. Max Miranda, Beloit, Wis. George H. Fairclough, Minneapolis.

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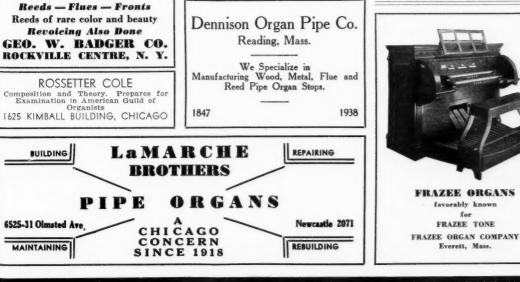
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